If you want a crop of prosperous business, plant your Spring advertisement now.

The Columbian.

Everybody is welcome to a calendar for 1895, who will call at this office for it, whether they are subscribers or not. Only a few more left. Come soon.

VOL 30 BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, MAY 31, 1895. NO 22

THE VETERAN.

Another and another wreath—
We deck new graves each spring,
And smaller grows the gray-haired band
Whose hands the garlands bring.
Grave veterans, we follow slow
The dull beat of the drum;
There's one brief march before us now,
And, Comrades! we shall come
One sleep to share, and o'er each grave
The starry flag we loved shall wave!

We mourn you not! The days seem far
Since side by side we fought,
And onward to the meeting-place
The way is now so short!
Not many May-times shall we hear
The summons of the drum;
We wait, with unforgetting hearts,
Till, Comrades! we shall come
One sleep to share, while o'er each grave,
Thank God! the starry flag shall wave!

—*Marian Douglas, in Harper's Bazar.*

NORMAL SCHOOL NOTES.

How rapidly the years do go, is the one remark of teacher and student in that busy hive, the Normal School.

To any old resident of our town a visit to our school to-day, compared with a similar visit ten or fifteen years ago, reveals a wonderful change.

In point of numbers the school has almost doubled since then; in point of buildings, many thousands of dollars have been expended in the erection and proper equipment of suitable buildings to accommodate this great increase of students. Normal Hill is indeed, a village in itself. In our entire town no more pleasant scene is presented then that between 6:30 and 7 P. M. when the grounds are full of students, spending half an hour, enjoying the beautiful campus between the supper hour and time for study.

COMMENCEMENT WEEK.

Commencement week is not far distant. Already great preparations are making for that time. The Baccalaureate sermon to the Senior Class will be preached by Rev. H. W. Ennis of Washington. D. C. This promises to be one of the very best sermons addressed to the graduating Class for many years.

The Junior Class will give an evening of rare enjoyment. They are in training now and while it may be too early to express opinions, yet we believe there is herein, an entertainment of real merit.

FIELD SPORTS.

A new feature is announced. The managers of the Gymnasium propose to give a series of field sports.

These will be a new feature, and afford much enjoyment, and may be not a little amusement.

Profs. Aldinger and Burdge are warm in the work and they promise an interesting time.

THE LECTURE COURSE.

Much inquiry has been made relative to the last lecture of this year's course. The Committee in charge are glad to announce that the last lecturer Hon. Charles Emory Smith will be here May 31. His subject is "The Czar and His Empire." All of our towns people should hear this eminent scholar and traveller.

The National Council of the Junior Order of United American Mechanics having, fully indorsed the project of establishing a National Home for the widows and orphans of members of the order, many of the councils throughout the United States suggested appropriate sites in their respective States, hoping to secure the home. A committee on Orphans' Home was appointed by the National Committee, composed of George W. Elbert, Vincentown, N. J.; J. H. Zimmerman, Plain City, O.; William R. Stroh, Mauch Chunk, Pa.; D. F. Anderson, Youngstown, O., and Curtis De Lancey, Hampton, N J. This National Committee on the location of the home, at a recent meeting held in Pittsburg, decided to recommend two sites to the National Council for their final decision, namely, Boiling Springs, Pa., and Tiffin, O. The National Council will meet in Omaha next month, when the site will be named.

Carlisle Council, No. 574, of Pennsylvania, is making an earnest and patriotic effort to have the proposed home located at Boiling Springs, the garden spot of the Cumberland Valley, five miles from Carlisle, which is reached by steam and trolley cars. The committee having the matter in charge believe they have selected a site for the home possessing every desired requirement and are honestly convinced that the farm of 122½ acres which they offer cannot be surpassed for fertility and natural resources anywhere in the United States. This same opinion is openly expressed by prominent members of the order connected with the National and State Governments. As a matter of State pride, Carlisle Council and the many hundred other councils in the State are anxious to see the home located in "Old Keystone." The councils of Ohio are also trying hard to have the buildings located there, and the fight is now on, with Pennsylvania in the lead.

OFF FOR EUROPE.

A PARTY OF PENNSYLVANIANS WHO WILL "DO" THE CONTINENT THIS SUMMER.

A party of representative Pennsylvanians will sail in the "City of New York" from New York on July 3rd, their object being a six weeks' tour to Europe. The party will be made up as follows. Ex-Secretary of the Commonwealth William F. Harrity, of Philadelphia; Senator Cochran and Hon. Seth McCormick (brother of the present Attorney General) Williamsport, and Hon. Grant Herring, Collector of Internal Revenue, of Bloomsburg. They expect to arrive at Queenstown, Ireland, on July 9th. Their sightseeing will include a four days' tour through the interior of Ireland via "jaunting car," a trip up the Rhine, and visits to London, Rome, Paris, Berlin and wherever fancy may lead them. They will embark on the "City of Paris" at Queenstown on August 17th, for home, arriving in New York on August 24th, barring accidents.

This party will doubtless have an enjoyable trip, and as ex-Secretary Harrity is personally acquainted with all the foreign representatives of this country, this "stag" party will be royally entertained by them as they visit the different countries of the old world. They will be glad to see these representative gentlemen of the old Keystone State and we wish them a prosperous voyage and a pleasant trip.

Y. P. S. C. E.

The Christian Endeavor societies of Montour and Columbia counties will hold their Seventh Bi-county Convention in Bloomsburg, next Friday, May 31. The afternoon session will be held in the Reformed church, beginning at two o'clock, and the evening sesion in the Lutheran, church at 7:30 o'clock.

Able speakers have been secured for both sessions. Rev. J. Berg Esenwein, of Harrisburg, who appeared on the program of the State Convention at York, will address the afternoon session on Missionary Extension. The societies may congratulate themselves on having also secured for the afternoon session Dr. J. T. McCrory, of Pittsburg, President of the Pennsylvania C. E. Union. He is a host in himself and should be greeted with a crowded house.

Rev. Dr. Gaul, of Reading, will address the evening session on Good Citizenship. He fills some of the most important appointments in the Philadelphia conference of the M. E. church, and comes highly recommended as a lecturer.

'Tis An Ill Wind That Does Not Blow Some One Good

is an old saying but a good one, at least in this case. May of this year has been an exceptionally cool month taken as a whole, and summer goods have not thus far sold as rapidly as they should. Such is the case with clothing. Cool weather has left merchants with big stocks and as we wish to keep our goods moving constantly regardless of the weather have decided to make reductions such as will keep our incoming goods moving out. These are the reasons why we have decided to make reductions right in the very heart of the season. We'll not quote prices as you could not form any idea of the positive reductions we are making from them, but a visit to our store will soon convince you that it is to your benefit to buy now and right here.

J. M. GIDDING & Co.

Reopening services of the United Evangelical church on Fourth street, Bloomsburg, Pa., as follows: Saturday eve, June 1st, preaching 7:30 p. m.; Sunday morning, Sunday school, 9 a. m., preaching, 10:30, by Bishop Stanford of Harrisburg; 3 p. m. Union Platform services in the Opera House. Addresses by Bishop Stanford, assisted by all the preachers in town. Music by the Y. M. C. A. choir and orchestra, led by F. B. Hartman. Preaching at 7:30 p. m. in the church. Everybody cordially invited to attend all of these services.

Also communion on Monday eve., June 3rd.

Dr. Brown removed a cataract from the eye of Mrs. Isaac Drum, a lady of seventy-five years, last Saturday. She is improving and the operation will no doubt restore the sight of the eye.

William Ward died at his home in Hemlock township on Sunday morning, leaving a wife and six children. He was buried on Tuesday.

TOLL-GATE KEEPER ROBBED.

RELIEVED OF CASH AND JEWELRY BY THREE MASKED MEN.

Three masked burglars robbed the toll house at the Susquehanna River bridge at Tunkhannock, at 1 o'clock Saturday morning. The toll gate is kept by Sarah Whipple, a maiden woman, who, with a female companion, were the only occupants of the house. The men battered down the door, and while one of them intimidated the women with a revolver, the others ransacked the house from top to bottom, securing about $90 in cash, a gold watch and a chain and other articles.

Fifteen robberies have occurred in the northern tier of counties recently, and this one was probably done by the gang operating in other places. The work was that of professionals.

Horse Power of a Bicycle Rider.

An experiment which may be performed by any one riding a bicycle is the determination of the horse power of the rider, by a simple calculation after the ascent of a hill. The mechanical equivalent of a horse power, being 33,000 pounds raised through a distance of one foot in one minute, may be directly applied to a machine and its rider. The only requirements besides a man and wheel are a stop watch and a steep, smooth hill of known altitude. The hill should be steep enough to prevent one from ascending with any great velocity, and thus have the wind resistance vitiate the result. The weight in pounds of machine and rider being almost always known and the time readily taken, the altitude of the hill can be found by a level and staff. It will be seen that the length of the hill does not matter, so long as the incline is steep enough to prevent fast riding when the whole energy of the man is expended in propelling him up the grade. The figures found, when compared with the ones above, give the horse power in a pretty accurate way.

COMMENCEMENT WEEK.

The following is the program for Commencement week at the Normal:

Saturday, June 22, 8 p. m., annual address before the literary societies.

Sunday, June 23, baccalaureate sermon.

Monday, June 24, 3 p. m., grand exhibition of field sports and gymnastics, in which 500 students will take part. The exhibition will be given on the new athletic field.

Monday, June 24, 8 p. m., annual Junior Exhibition.

Tuesday, June 25, 8 p. m., class reunion ('93).

Tuesday. June 25, 8 p. m., class day exercises ('95.)

Wednesday, June 26, 10 a. m., commencement.

Wednesday, June 26, 2 p. m. annual alumni meeting and banquet.

Arrangements have been made to hold an election in the town for the purpose of voting on the question of increasing the bonded indebtedness. The adoption of this measure is the only practicable thing to do. The debts of the town must be paid, and as we suggested some time ago, there are but two ways to raise the money, one by increased taxation, and the other by increasing the bonded indebtedness. Increased taxation would be very undesirable now, and even at a twenty mill rate enough money could not be realized to meet the immediate necessities of the town. If the bond increase should not be voted for, the town will be sued on outstanding orders and other floating debts, and the end of this would be the levying of a special tax by order of the court to pay the debts, which would be an increase of taxation, with a large amount of costs added for litigation. Now is the time to discuss these questions, and we have no doubt that every taxpayer who comprehends the situation will vote in favor of this proposition. A public meeting in the Town Hall or Opera House should be held some evening previous to the election for the purpose of explaining the matter to all citizens who want further information.

DEAD AT NINETY.

Newton Boone died on Tuesday morning at the ripe old age of ninety years, four months and nine days. He has been a respected resident of Bloomsburg since 1848. Born at Roaring creek in 1805, he resided at different times at Huntingdon, and Catawissa, engaged in the tanning business. His death occurred at W. Swentzell's, where he has resided for several years. Three sons and two daughters survive him. The funeral took place on Wednesday, conducted by Rev. P. A. Heilman.

BRIEF MENTION.

About People You Know.

Miss Grace Neal returned from New York last week.

Prof. C. P. Elwell is spending this week in New York city.

C. W. McKelvy Jr. went to Philadelphia on Monday, on business.

P. S. Harman viewed the parade at Reading on Tuesday.

Mrs. Pennypacker of Philadelphia is visiting her daughter, Mrs. W. S. Rishton.

Mrs. R. C. Drinker returned to South Bethlehem on Saturday.

Mrs. Dr. Kirby of Mauch Chunk, is visiting at Mrs. I. S. Kuhn's.

Mr. Benjamin Gidding has moved to Bloomsburg, and is concerned with his brother in the firm of J. M. Gidding & Co.

Postmaster J. H. Mercer and family, who have been visiting in Ohio for several weeks, will return home on Friday.

W. H. Martz and Mr. Hagenbuch of Berwick, spent a few hours in town on Saturday.

Mr. E. W. Drinker and family of Wilkes-Barre, spent Sunday at Mrs. E. R. Drinker's on Rock street.

Hon. Thomas Chalfant, the veteran editor of the Danville "Intelligencer," spent a few hours in town on Saturday.

F. M. Wells, C. J. Dettess and I. E. Moore of Philadelphia, were the guests of W. R. Taylor over Sunday.

Domer Geisinger, an employee in this office, will take a vacation next week, and visit Philadelphia, Atlantic City, and other places.

J. C. Fitzpatrick spent a couple of days in town this week. He was connected with the Exchange Hotel for several years with W. R. Tubbs, and is now in the Indian service in the west.

J. R. Townsend, P. E. Wirt and G. S. Robbins have been elected lay deputies from St. Paul's Church to attend the Diocesan Convention which meets at Reading on June 11th.

Sir Knights C. F. Knapp, H. A. M'Killip, W. S. Rishton and J. M. Staver, attended the annual Conclave of Knight's Templar at Reading this week. C. H. Reice and John Cadman also went down to see the parade.

Hon. C. R. Buckalew has so far recovered his health as to be able to be out again. He has had a long siege of illness. He and Mrs. Buckalew went up to Proctor Inn on Wednesday, where they will spend several weeks.

Mrs. C. E. Smith and her daughter, Miss Mollie, of Plymouth, Wisconsin, arrived on Tuesday to visit their relatives here. Mrs. Smith is a daughter of Judge Elwell. She and her two daughters have been spending the past year in New England.

Samuel Gordon of Montgomery County died at his home on Monday last. He was a prominent man in his community, and was a brother of John N. Gordon of Montour township.

During the next two weeks most of the Democrats occupying positions in the several departments at Harrisburg, will be removed to make room for Republicans. "To the victors belong the spoils."

The Banks of Bloomsburg, have decided, during the summer months, to conform to the law making Saturday a half holiday, commencing Saturday June 15th and will close on that day and thereafter including Oct. 1st at one o'clock. Depositors will do well to observe this. 5-31-3t.

The Appropriation committee of the Legislature has reported a bill providing for an appropriation of $15,000 a year for each Normal School. The bills asking for special appropriations by the different schools, were all negatived except Slippery Rock, which gets $20,000 to restore a burned building.

Having met with dismal failure in our efforts to collect money lately, we are now endeavoring to make a collection of chickens. If any of the five hundred subscribers who owe subscription for a year, or more, have a few of last year's hens that they can spare, we will allow the market price for them. Spring chickens will not be refused.

Our popular young townsman, Mr. J. Lee Harman, was married to Miss Jessie Kimball at her home in Mt. Vernon, N. Y., on Tuesday morning at 8 o'clock.

He returned here with his bride on Wednesday afternoon at four o'clock. They will go to housekeeping in their new house on Iron Street. We extend our heartiest congratulations and good wishes.

DECORATION DAY.

Memorial day was observed in the usual way in Bloomsburg. A procession formed of the G. A. R. and other orders, and the Normal School proceeded to the cemetery and decorated the soldiers' graves, after which there was an address by J. C. Brown. The two bands furnished music.

Economical People

like to trade at this store because we offer serviceable, well made, stylish clothing at lower prices than other houses are asking for inferior stuff. The backward weather has had a tendency to bring prices still lower.

$6.98 buys $8, $9 and $10 suits. $1.48, $1.98, $2.48 buys excellent knee pants suits.

People who say they never bought ready made clothes before buy of us and save half on their tailor.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
ONE PRICE
CLOTHIERS, HATTERS & FURNISHERS
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Everything points to the

D. LOWENBERG CLOTHING STORE

As the very best place to buy your clothing, hats and furnishings.

Never before have they sold such elegant clothing at such low prices.

Friends tell friends and so it goes.

This is Their Best Advertisement.

Young men's nice suits $3.75 and $4.75.
Men's fine summer suits, $6.50, $8.50, $10.00 and $12.00.

The mothers know a good thing. That's why we are selling so many children's wear well knee pants suits at

$1.50, $1.75 and $2.00.
—Better Ones—
$3.50 to $5.00.

A set of garden tools, hoe, rake and spade given with each child's suit.

Fitting out G. A. R. Posts.

If you want a G. A. R. suit you can get one at Post rates and save money at

THE

D. LOWENBERG

Clothing Store.

"CASEY AT THE BAT."

There was ease in Casey's manner as he stepped into his place,
There was pride in Casey's bearing and and a smile on Casey's face;
And when responding to the cheers he lightly doffed his hat,
No stranger in the crowd could doubt 'twas Casey at the bat.

Ten thousand eyes were on him as he rubbed his hands with dirt,
Five thousand tongues applauded when he wiped them on his shirt;
And when the writhing pitcher ground the ball into his hip,
Defiance glanced in Casey's eye, a sneer curled Casey's lip.

And now the leather-covered sphere came hurling through the air,
And Casey stood a-watching it in haughty grandeur there.
Close by the sturdy batsman the ball unheeded sped—
"That ain't my style," said Casey. "Strike one," the umpire said.

From the benches, black with people, there went up a muffled roar,
Like the beating of storm waves on the stern and distant shore;
"Kill him! kill the umpire" shouted some one on the stand,
And it's then they'd have killed him had not Casey raised his hand.

With a smile of Christian charity great Casey's visage shone;
He stilled the rising tumult, he made the game go on;
He signaled to the pitcher, and once more the spheroid flew,
But Casey still ignored it, and the umpire said "Strike two."

"Fraud!" cried the maddened thousands, and the echo answered "Fraud!"
But a scornful look from Casey, and the audience was awed;
They saw his face grow stern and cold, they saw his muscles strain,
And they knew that Casey wouldn't let the ball go by again.

The sneer is gone from Casey's lips, his teeth are clenched in hate.
He pounds with cruel violence his bat upon the plate;
And now the pitcher holds the ball, and now he lets it go,
And now the air is shattered by the force of Casey's blow.

Oh, somewhere in this favored land the sun is shining bright;
The band is playing somewhere, and somewhere hearts are light;
And somewhere men are laughing, and somewhere children shout,
But there is no joy in Boston—mighty Casey has struck out.

FOR A GIFT, A HUSBAND.

"Six years ago to-day! What a long time!" sighed Maud Merlin, sinking into the low seat by the window and pressing her sad white face against the glass. "Ah, me, how happy I was; but it is all over. I shall never be happy again."

Her dark eyes overflowed with tears and her memory went back to the scenes of her childhood, the great, rambling country house, with its spacious rooms and blazing fires and large-hearted hospitality. She could see the old garden, with its winding borders and cool retreats, and catch the sweet odor of the pinks and the drowsy murmur of the bees, and there was the woodbine arbor beneath which she and Harry had sat so often together. How well she remembered one evening above all others—an evening in royal June. The air heavy with spicy odors and a full moon pouring down its glorifying light upon the snowy billows of orchard bloom, and the long hedges of crimson roses, weighed down by their own intense perfume. On that evening she had listened to the story that had been so often repeated but which never grows old. "Maud, my darling, I love you. Will yo be my wife?" She recalled the very words, she seemed to hear his dear voice and see his tender eyes. The betrothal ring was still upon her finger, just as he put it there that night, and beside it another, even yet more sacred, her wedding ring.

And this stormy, desolate night was the anniversary. Six years ago, and the old homestead had rung with music and reverence. Every window blazed with light and every broad hearthstone glowed with flaming logs. For on that night, robed in white and adorned with blossoms as spotless and sweet as her own virgin heart, Maud, sole daughter of house and heart, and beauty and belle wherever she went, became a bride.

Bidding farewell to the old home and the old friends, Maud went forth with her husband, thenceforth and forever to be the light of his home and the inspiration of his life.

One year—one short, sweet, happy year, that went by like some rare, rich melody, without a single note of discord to break its divine perfection, and then the trouble came. The bare remembrance of it blanched the wife's cheeks and made her breath come in quick, painful gasps. At the close of that short, happy year of her wedded life, her husband received information concerning the illness of an only brother residing in California. He was dying of a slow, but sure disease, and wished to see his brother's face once more. Harry Merlin did not hesitate an instant. The path of duty was plain—he must go. Maud entreated to be permitted to accompany him, but he was inexorable. The risks and hardships were too great.

Left alone, Maud was not the woman to give way to despondency. It was her nature to keep her face to the sun. She kept herself busy with the duties of her household, and at last the dreary days went by and tidings from Harry came. He was safe at the journey's end, but his brother was dead, leaving Harry, however, the inheritor of a considerable fortune. Just as soon as his business matters could be arranged, Harry wrote, he would start for home. Soon after a second mail came home, bringing intelligence that Harry, in company with quite a party of brother travellers, had set out taking the overland route.

Maud counted the days with throbbing impatience. The parting had been so long. She pined to see his dear face and hear his voice once more. She worked from morn till night filling the rooms with little ornaments and getting up little surprises against his return. She cultivated the flowers he loved, and sang the ballads he admired. Never did woman count the passing moments with such loving expectation. At last the day came. She had received no intelligence, but she felt sure that he would come.

The evening was in spring, genial and balmy, their little home a wilderness of blossoms. She prepared his supper with her own hands, she adorned the rooms with the flowers he loved, and even laid out his gown and slippers and drew his arm-chair beneath the window. Then she went to her chamber and put on the dress he liked to see her wear, a mauve silk, with dainty lace at the throat and wrists and jet and gold ornaments, her flossy brown hair held back by sprays of heliotrope and sweet verbena. Surveying herself in the mirror she smiled and blushed, remembering his words when she had first worn the dress.

"Oh, Maud, you are beautiful! Always wear this dress, darling, when you wish to please me."

The May sun wheeled lower and lower and at last went down, leaving the earth wrapped in the dusky mists of twilight. Maud lit the lamps in the parlor and then went out to the porch to wait. He surely would come; he would not disappoint her! The golden tints of the day faded like the colors of a dream. The stars came out one by one in the hazy lustre of the sky, and then the moon arose, coming up grandly above the purple steeps. Still he had not come, and the poor wife's heart began to grow sick with hope deferred. Another hour and then above the murmurous music of the night she heard a sharp step upon the gravel and started to her feet, flushed and all breathless, but the next instant she fell back, pale with disappointment, for the step was not his—she knew that long before the person came in sight. He had advanced towards the porch where she sat with a slow, uncertain step, observing which and recognizing him as one of her neighbors, she advanced to meet him.

"Mr. Rutherford, is it you? I am looking for my husband. What do you think can detain him?"

The man stood still, his face full of silent, unspeakable pity. Something in his expression caught her quick eyes, and she sprang forward and grasped his arm.

"Mr. Rutherford, you bring me tidings. Speak! Don't keep me in suspense!"

Still the man was silent.

"Oh, sir," she entreated, don't trifle with my feelings. Do you know anything concerning my husband? If you do, for mercy sake speak out!"

"Madam, I have heard—that is, there is bad news," he began, his voice husky and broken.

Her face grew as white as death, but her eyes were clear and calm and her hand strong as she grasped his arm.

"Sir, if you pity me, tell me the worst at once. I can bear it."

"Well, madam, your husband and his party have been waylaid and murdered by the Indians."

"All? Did none escape?"

"Not one."

She turned sharply, leaving him without a word, and he saw her enter the house and close the door after her, and that was the end. He would never come back any more, no matter how patiently she might wait and watch. He would never know that he had a son, never look upon the little chubby face, with its bold, blue eyes and sunny curls, so like his own. Henceforth her heart and home were desolate.

And this was the anniversary of her wedding day. Six years ago, and she was a happy bride. Five years she had been a heartbroken widow. Her boy slept in his little bed, and she sat there thinking, thinking, and gazing out at the low leaden sky and the wind-tossed trees. The night was closing rapidly—a night of storm and darkness. The rain came down in great smoking sheets, and the wild, wailing winds rushed around the gables and went shrieking over the hills like human souls in agony. Her heart ached with a desolation that seemed almost insupportable. Life was so hard, yet for the boy's sake she must endure and live on.

She looked down at her sable garments with hot, blinding tears. Six years ago, and she was robed in gems and blossoms. His face, his very voice, seemed to come back to her, and she fancied that his spirit must be near her. No matter how high above her, how happy, she knew that he loved her still, and his glorified spirit may have left its home of bliss to keep with her that sacred anniversary.

The fancy consoled her beyond expression. She glanced over at the sleeping boy with a dim hope that his father loved him and watched over him. Then a sudden impulse shot across her mind. She would not keep the anniversary of her wedding day in the garments of womanhood; she would put on the robe she loved. If he knew aught of her poor, sad life he should see how sacredly she remembered and observed his simplest wishes.

Stealing up to her chamber she took out the mauve silk and the dainty laces, growing yellow and timeworn, and a pretty jet and gold ornament, and arrayed herself as in days gone by, and the old bloom came back to her cheeks and the brightness to her eyes, and she seemed to drop her years of widowhood, and to spring out afresh into the rare beauty of her early maidenhood. Thus arrayed, she went down softly and seated herself before the blazing fire, her face tearful and expectant. If his soul was near—she clung to the hope that it was, as she clung to life—he should see how tenderly she remembered him.

The anniversary night wore on, wild and dark with storm, and still the poor wife, half-dazed by her terrible sorrow, sat by her lonely hearthstone, robed in her festive garments. At last there came a step without, a sharp impatient step on the gravel, but she did not hear it. A weary, travel-worn man, bronzed by exposure and pale with long-endured grief, came up to the front entrance and paused beneath the low window. Through the parted curtains shone the ruddy firelight, revealing the warm, attractive room—the old, familiar room, with his hat upon the wall and his books and meerschaum on the mantle, unmoved, as he had left them; revealed the kitten purring on the rug, and the little curtained bed in the distance, and the dear, sweet face, wet with tears, and the dress he loved in happy days, that seemed too far back to the poor wanderer to be real.

Was it all a dream? Was that the wife from whom he had been so long parted, whose face had been present with him through all his lonely hours of peril and imprisonment? Was she waiting and watching and keeping his home bright for his return?

He left the window, stole softly to the porch and approached the side door. He raised the latch. It opened and he stood upon the threshold.

Intent upon her musings, her own sweet memories and sad reflections, Maud heard no sound. Her heart was far back with the husband she loved so well. The old dress had revived old associations and his very presence seemed around and about her. She looked up with clasped hands and streaming eyes.

"Oh, Harry! Oh, my husband!" she murmured, "if you knew how I love you, how I mourn your loss, surely your soul might speak to mine and tell me you are near me."

"Maud, my wife, my darling!"

She started to her feet with a wondering, startled face. There he stood, worn and weary, changed from the man he had been, but the wife recognized him in an instant. For a moment a solemn awe filled her eyes, and her love hesitated and trembled in the presence of a spirit from the other world, but the next instant she held him in her arms with a wild cry.

"Oh, Harry, my husband! You are not dead! You have come back to me!"

His passionate kisses on her face, his strong arms and throbbing heart answered her as no words could have done. He had come back to her from imprisonment amid the wild Western mountains, from perils and dangers, and death itself.

For awhile, after she had heard his story, and fully assured herself that he was really flesh and blood, and not a spirit, as she had first believed him, she lay quietly weeping on his bosom. Then she arose, with a solemn tenderness in her eyes, and, leading him to the little couch, drew aside the curtains, revealing the little face, flushed and dimpled in slumber, and the small, chubby fists clinched together.

Harry Merlin looked on with a word, then, bending down, he kissed the little sleeper with a joy and thankfulness in his soul too deep for utterance.

And on this stormy night, after weary years of imprisonment amid barbarous hordes, after having endured trials and hardships almost death itself—this was how Harry came home.—Pittsburg Leader.

Mysterious Disappearances.

It is a common thing to see announcements in the newspapers of the sudden and mysterious disappearance of persons. In most cases the lost persons reappear in a few days, having only gone on some errand of business or pleasure without notifying their families. In many instances they are given up as dead by their friends and the public soon forget all about them. One of the most singular cases of this kind, and one which may furnish an explanation of others is that of J. M. Newcomb, a merchant of Petersburg, Va., and a member of the municipal council of that town. Mr. Newcomb came to Baltimore last September to buy goods. He engaged passage on the Norfolk steamer to return home, but the boat left without him. He disappeared, and was, after a protracted search given up as dead, and his estate settled. Now he has reappeared at the home of a brother in Greensboro, N. C., a physical and mental wreck. It would appear that the cause of his failure to return home was the sudden loss of his faculties and all knowledge of his identity. How he found his [illegible] clear, for he does not recognize any of his friends or relatives. It is possible that his finding his way to Greensboro was accidental, or it may have been by some mysterious mental operation as takes place in sleep-walking. No one can tell. An account of a case of disappearance due to sudden mental disturbance, similar to that of Mr. Newcomb, has been recently published in New York. A prominent man named Howe, who had been having some nervous trouble, slipped away from his wife on the street in January and has not been heard of since. Two years ago a man in Philadelphia, in walking a short distance from his home, suddenly lost knowledge of his identity, wandered to Providence, R. I., and established himself in business, which he conducted for seven years. Then another failure of memory occurred, and he went to another place and built up another business under [illegible]

A Russian professor, Liegovsaps, has let in new light on our use of electricity. He applied the great waters of the Volga to turn dynamos and turbine wheels, and conducted the electrical force produced into the earth and the air. This increase of electricity attracted the sun's beams and developed greater warmth in the soil, more frequent storms in the region and an unprecedented fruitfulness in that entire locality. Thus he became convinced that our excessive use of electricity deprives the earth of one of its conditions of productivity, and is the cause of the irregularity and fitfulness of the weather. The Russian Government has informed other Governments of the result of these experiments, and the professor is to repeat them in more extensive measure in the vicinity of Moscow this spring and summer.

The Antithesis of Santa Claus.

The exact number of telegrams received by Prince Bismarck from March 31 to April 3 is 18,390, containing 277,697 words. During the same space of time there were delivered at Friedrichsruhe more than 150,000 letters and between 110,000 and 120,000 postal cards. About 35,000 packages, parcels and cases were delivered by the parcels post and railroad offices.

Piano-Playing Extraordinary.

The latest feat of the strong man of a vaudeville company in Vienna is the carrying around the stage of a platform upon which are a full-sized upright piano and a performer, playing upon the same, while the Samson raises his feet in exact time.

Plenty, Yet Starving.

The thin, emaciated persons we see every day are actually starving for nourishment. You may eat until you are stuffed, but unless your food is assimilated it does you no good. The kind of food that makes tissue and enriches the blood is found in Cod-liver Oil, and the easiest, most palatable form of Cod-liver Oil is

Scott's Emulsion

But Scott's Emulsion is more than this. It contains Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda, a nerve tonic and constructive agent. The nutrients in Scott's Emulsion, therefore, are just what is needed to build up the system and overcome wasting tendencies. Children gain flesh and strength on Scott's Emulsion when no other form of food nourishes them. They almost all like it.

Don't be persuaded to accept a substitute!

Scott & Bowne, New York. All Druggists. 50c. and $1.

ALEXANDER BROTHERS & CO.

DEALERS IN

Cigars, Tobacco, Candies, Fruits and Nuts

SOLE AGENTS FOR

Henry Maillard's Fine Candies. Fresh Every Week.

PENNY GOODS A SPECIALTY.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

F. F. Adams & Co's Fine Cut Chewing Tobacco

Sole agents for the following brands of Cigars:

Henry Clay, Londres, Normal, Indian Princess, Samson, Silver Ash

Bloomsburg Pa.

"A handful of dirt may be a houseful of shame." Keep your house clean with

SAPOLIO

B. F. SHARPLESS, Pres. N. U. FUNK, Sec. C. H. CAMPBELL, TREAS.

BLOOMSBURG

LAND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY.

CAPITAL STOCK, $30,000.

Plotted property is in the coming business centre of the town. It includes also part of the factory district, and has no equal in desirability for residence purposes.

CHOICE LOTS are offered at values that will be doubled in a short time.

No such opportunity can be had elsewhere to make money.

Lots secured on SMALL MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

Maps of the town and of plotted property furnished on application.

Call upon or write to the Secretary, or J. S. Woods, Sales Agent, or any member of the Board of Directors.

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B. F. SHARPLESS; J. L DILLON.
C. W. NEAL, A. G. BRIGGS, DR. I. W. WILLITS,
DR. H. W. MCREYNOLDS, N. U. FUNK.

11-19-

Ely's Cream Balm For CATARRH

THE POSITIVE CURE.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York. Price 50 cts.

THE CURE FOR CATARRH COLD IN HEAD HAY FEVER DEAFNESS HEADACHE ELY'S CREAM BALM 50c

ORGANIZED.

THE SOUTH CENTRAL CONSOLIDATED GOLD MINING AND MILLING CO.

(INCORPORATED.)

CAPITAL STOCK - - - $2,000,000.

Shares $1 00 each, Full Paid and Non-Assessable.

(Issued in payment for this Company's Mines.)

TREASURY RESERVE STOCK, $300,000.

GOLD.

Owns a Rich Group of Ten Gold Mines,

Located in Carson Mining District,

Owyhee County, Idaho; a district which has produced

OVER $40,000,000,00

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS.

PRESIDENT—Col. W. H. Brothers, Capitalist and Real Estate Owner: and of W. H. Brothers & Co., Roofers, St. Louis.
VICE PRES'T—Capt. J. A. Ware, Railroad Contractor, St. Louis.
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TREASURER & TRANSFER AGENT—The Guarantee Loan & Mortgage Co., (Authorized Capital, $1,500,000,) St. Louis.

The Mines are PRODUCERS, and will be Worked for Dividends.

A limited number of shares of the Company's Treasury Stock will now be sold to first applicants, in the order received, at the price of

12½ CENTS A SHARE.

Certain to advance and yield ten to hundred fold on the par.

$25.00 Cash Buys $200.00 Full Paid Stock,

and in that proportion more or less.

Now is the time to buy. Price will be advanced by 2½ to 5 points at a time to $1.00 per share as the new production of the mines increases. The Stock will be listed, and price advance rapidly. The Company's consolidated mines have very large Ore Reserves. Work is now progressing in rich gold ore. It is desired to erect a Stamp Mill, to reduce the Company's Ore to Bullion.

The output of Company's Mines will be increased to the Dividend basis, as fully demonstrated by Director Enoch's statement. Complete Reports and Statement sent on application.

Stock Certificate will be sent by return mail on receipt of check for amount wanted. Delivery may also be made through Bank or Express Co. Send full directions with application.

Address application for shares to Treasurer South Central Consolidated Gold Mining and Milling Co., 712 and 713 National Bank of Commerce Bld'g, St. Louis, Mo.

5-3-11.

Look Here!

Do you want a PIANO?

Do you want an ORGAN?

Do you want a Sewing Machine?

Do you want any kind of a MUSICAL INSTRUMENT?

Do you want SHEET MUSIC?

If so, do not send your money away from home, but deal with a reliable dealer right here, who will make things right, if there is anything wrong.

For anything in this line the place to go is to

J. Saltzer's.

Ware-rooms, Main Street, below Market.

THE MARKETS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY. RETAIL PRICES.

Butter per lb	$ .20
Eggs per dozen	.14
Lard per lb	.12½
Ham per pound	.12½
Pork, whole, per pound	.06
Beef, quarter, per pound	.07 to .10
Wheat per bushel	.80
Oats " "	.45
Rye " "	.65
Wheat flour per bbl	3.60
Hay per ton	12 00 to 14.00
Potatoes per bushel,	.75
Turnips " "	.25
Onions " "	1.00
Sweet potatoes per peck	25 to .30
Tallow per lb	.4½
Shoulder " "	.11
Side meat " "	.10
Vinegar, per qt	.07
Dried apples per lb	.05
Dried cherries, pitted	.12
Raspberries	.14
Cow Hides per lb	.3½
Steer " " "	.05
Calf Skin	.80
Sheep pelts	.75
Shelled corn per bus	.75
Corn meal, cwt	2.00
Bran, "	1.20
Chop "	1.25
Middlings "	1.20
Chickens per lb new	.12
" " " old	.22
Turkeys " "	.15
Geese " "	.10
Ducks " "	.10

COAL.

No. 6, delivered	2.40
" 4 and 5 "	3.50
" 6 at yard	2.25
" 4 and 5 at yard	3.25

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Get a Glass! Quick!

There's lots of snap and vim in this HIRES' ROOTBEER. There's lots of pleasure and good health in it, too. A delicious drink, a temperance drink, a homemade drink, a drink that delights the old and young. Be sure and get the genuine

HIRES' Rootbeer

A 25 cent package makes 5 gallons. Sold everywhere.

THE CHAS. E. HIRES COMPANY,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

5-17-4t.

HARRISBURG LETTER.

Adjournment on June 6 Now Out of the Question.

THE WORK OF THE CURRENT WEEK.

Special Orders Granted on a Large Number of Bills of No General Interest Which Will Consume the Time of the House. May Reconsider Apportionment Bills.

(Special Correspondence.)

HARRISBURG, May 27.—The legislators will hardly get away before June 13. This is now conceded by those who have all along contended for a short session. The time of final adjournment will be fixed at this evening's session of the house. Mr. Stewart, of Philadelphia, has served notice that he will call up at that time the senate resolution to adjourn June 6. Many of the members are anxious to get away and will vote to concur in the senate's action. Those who have not yet gotten through all their pet schemes are opposed to the time fixed by the senators, and it is believed they can control enough votes to prolong the session until June 13.

If the senate resolution prevails no bills can be messaged to either body after Friday. Chairman Marshall, of the appropriations committee, whose opinion at this time is entitled to more consideration than that of any other member of the house, says it is absolutely impossible to adjourn at the time fixed by the senate unless the appropriation bills are side tracked. The general appropriation bill will require three days' consideration in the senate and house. It will be reported Thursday, and rushed through so that it may reach the senate by the following Monday.

The program is to hold the general appropriation bill until all other appropriation measures are out of the way. The committee may be forced to change its plans, and bring the bill out earlier than expected. There will be a fierce fight by the rural members of the house to amend the bill so as to give the schools $11,000,000 for the next two years, instead of $10,000,000, as proposed by the committee. The fight over this proposition will delay the consideration of other important business.

Increasing the House Sessions.

The house will hold two sessions today, from 3:30 to 6 in the afternoon and from 8 to 10 in the evening. The order of business will be first reading bills, resolutions, revenue bills on second reading, local and special bills on third reading and final passage, and appropriation bills on third reading. Under the order of original resolutions, Mr. Smith, of Jefferson, will offer a concurrent resolution that the legislature do not adjourn until a new apportionment is made of the state. The friends of the measures have until tomorrow in which to move a reconsideration of the votes by which the bills were knocked out, but whether anything in that line will be attempted or not will depend largely upon the result of General Niles' visit to Senator Quay at Beaver. If he can induce Senator Quay to interpose, the bills will be reconsidered, but if Colonel Quay persits in holding off and letting the members fight it out among themselves, it is extremely doubtful whether any attempt at reconsideration will be made.

Mr. Smith will call the yeas and nays on the resolution, to show how each member stands on this question. It is probable that an effort will also be made at one of these sessions by Chairman Culbertson, of the legislative apportionment committee, to secure a reconsideration of the three apportionment bills defeated last Tuesday. These bills will take up at least several hours, and should the intermediate court bill be called up it would be good for several hours more.

The time of the house tomorrow and Wednesday will be taken up in considering the Fritz and Smith bills for the distribution of the school funds and the other ten bills for which special orders have been made for these days. The Smith bill distributes the appropriation by giving $50 to each school and the balance on the basis of the number of taxables. Mr. Fritz's plan is to divide the fund on the basis of the number of school children in the respective districts between the ages of 6 and 20 years. There has been much time wasted in discussing these two propositions, and the chances are that neither will pass this legislature.

Will Adjourn on Memorial Day.

Thursday will be Memorial Day, and the old soldiers in the senate and house will want to go home to help decorate the graves of their departed comrades. The house will probably dispense with the afternoon and evening sessions on that day. The order of business will be appropriation bills on third reading. It requires 136 votes to pass these measures finally, and it is hardly likely that there will be that many members in attendance.

The appealate court bill and the measure creating the county of Quay out of portions of Luzerne and Schuylkill counties will be called up in the house on Wednesday for final consideration. The opposition to both is so intense that much time will probably be wasted in trying to prevent their passage. There are indications that the Quay county bill may get through by a narrow majority, not, however, without a stiff fight by the Schuylkill and Luzerne delegations.

The religious garb bill will be taken up on a special order in the senate tomorrow for final passage. The senate has its calendar pretty well cleared, and from now uniil the close of the session will act upon house bills. Governor Hastings has a batch of bills, unacted upon, which will be considered tomorrow at the cabinet meeting. The governor is taking his time in disposing of the bills which reach him. Many are so full of typographical and other errors that it is necessary that they be very carefully perused before being acted upon.

Speaker Walton and some of the more prominent Republicans on the floor are making every exertion to get the calendar in shape for final adjournment, but the "mob" is continually spoiling their plans, and this week will be a conspicuous example of it. With almost every minute required for necessary work, the house has practically already used up half of the week with a lot of special orders on bills of no use to the people at large. A number of bills which have been the subjects of warm debate all through the session will also come up to waste more time.

If Representative Kunkel calls up the intermediate court bill he will also precipitate a fight which is likely to take up the greater portion of at least one session, while a big fight may also be made on the Macrell liquor bill to freeze out the large grocers for the benefit of the saloon keepers. This will leave very little time for the consideration of the appropriation bills and other regular orders.

A Lively Scrap in the Senate.

There was a lively little scrap in the senate last Thursday between Senators Flinn and Kennedy over what the latter charges was a breach of faith. Senator Kennedy had fought the greater Pittsburg scheme until he compelled Messrs. Magee and Flinn to grant him a separate vote for Allegheny City. The bill under consideration last Thursday was to change the ratio of population of the cities of the various classes, intended to prevent the greater Pittsburg from becoming a city of the first class by raising the population for that grade to 1,000,000. When the bill was on second reading Senator Vaughan had the population for second class cities raised from 100,000 to 200,000, so as to prevent Scranton from becoming a second class city. It was this amendment, however, which caused the trouble, for it would reduce Allegheny City to a city of the third class, and under the greater Pittsburg bill only cities of the second class can vote separately.

Senator Kennedy charged that this was a scheme to deprive Allegheny City of its right to a separate vote, and after a lively passage-at-arms between him and Flinn the matter was postponed until next Wednesday at noon, in order to allow time for fixing the matter. It is now merely a question whether Allegheny shall be reduced to a third class city or Scranton compelled to be advanced to the second rank. If Flinn and Vaughan insist on the amendment being retained Senator Kennedy may succeed in defeating the entire bill.

"Working" Chris Magee.

Chris L. Magee, who was one of the originators of the plan, had a practical illustration the other day of the good derived by Pittsburg from the generous advertising which she has secured through the annexation movement. While coming down in the elevator at the Commonwealth hotel the young man who was running it asked him to get him a ticket to Pittsburg.

"What do you want to do in Pittsburg?" asked Mr. Magee with interest.

"Well," explained the young man earnestly, "running an elevator does not pay much money, and I have read so much about this 'greater Pittsburg' in the newspapers that I think I could make money there if I could only get there."

The spirit of the young man caught the Pittsburg magnate, and he went down into his pocket, bought a ticket for Pittsburg, and the ex-elevator man is now out in the metropolis of western Pennsylvania.

The Porter school bill to abolish the sectional school boards in Philadelphia is still languishing in the sub-committee of the house committee on municipal corporations. The committee is generally known among the members as the "municipal corpse," and the Porter bill is practically a corpse by this time. The twelve Philadelphians on the committee, with one or two exceptions, are against the bill, and if it ever sees daylight it will be either with a negative recommendation or so altered that its sponsors in the Civic club would never recognize it.

Lack of Republican Leadership.

The great lack of Republican leadership in the present house was the topic under discussion the other evening among a number of old legislators, and they compared it with the house of 1889, which ex-State Chairman Andrews had under such perfect control that he could pass or defeat a bill by the mere waving of a handkerchief. An interesting story was told as to how he compelled the senate to pass his bill for the government of cities of the third class. The bill had passed first reading in the senate, and was then recommitted with no apparent intention of ever reporting it.

Andrews calmly waited until near the end of the session, and as there was still no sign of the bill being taken up he began operations while senate bills were being considered on third reading. The bills were defeated one after the other until word was carried over to the senate that Andrews was killing all their bills. Senator Delamater was one of the first to call on Andrews and demand what was the matter.

"Nothing," was the apparently unconcerned answer, "but Bean, here," pointing to a lawyer member sitting next to him, "says it's a bad bill."

Several more bills were defeated and other senators came, but the answer was the same, "Bean says they're bad bills."

"What will make you stop?" asked Delamater finally.

"Take up my third class city bill and pass it," was the answer.

"We won't do it."

"All right," and the slaughter went on.

But after several more bills had been defeated the senators agreed to come to terms. The bill was quickly passed about from senator to senator, reported and passed on second reading. That stopped the slaughter of senate bills. The next day Andrews' bill passed finally, and the defeated senate bills were all reconsidered and passed.

W. M. R.

Battle with Hungry Rats.

WOMELSDORF, Pa., May 27.—A hard battle with rats was fought here by Frank Manderback. Hearing a commotion in his cellar he went down with a lamp to investigate. As soon as he reached the foot of the stairs he was attacked by a large number of rats. They were big, hungry fellows, and they fought furiously. Manderback seized a cleaver and battled with all his might, killing twenty-seven of the rodents. The struggle was desperate and the rats ran all over his body, biting him in a number of places before he conquered them.

A Big Colliery Resumes.

SHENANDOAH, Pa., May 27. — Shenandoah City colliery, which has been idle for the past three months, resumed operations this morning, giving employment to 800 men and boys. The colliery is the oldest in the Mahanoy valley. During the time it has been idle a massive new breaker for the preparation of coal has been built. The colliery is owned by the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron company.

A Poor Miner's Great Fortune.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., May 27.—A letter was received Saturday by August Peters from France, informing him that he had fallen heir to $100,000. He is a poor miner with a large family. When he heard of the good news he almost became crazed with joy. The money he inherited was amassed by his mother, who operated boats across a neutral island during the Franco-Russian war.

A Fatal Game of Ball.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., May 27.—During a game of ball John Kurzie, while running to first base, jumped upon Michael Rozorniskie's breast, causing injuries from which the boy is in a dying condition.

WASHINGTON.

From our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, May 27, 1895.

President Cleveland is authority for the positive statement that so far as can be seen at this time neither an extra session of Congress nor an issue of bonds will be made necessary by the decision of the Supreme Court against the constitutionality of the income tax. The numerous sensational statements to the contrary sent out of Washington last week had no firmer foundation than a desire to embarrass the administration by creating the impression that the government would be unable to meet its obligations without issuing bonds or getting additional legislation from Congress. This is a very unpatriotic as well as a dangerous misrepresentation to make, but everything is disregarded by those who are engaged in the task of making political ammunition to be used next year against the democratic party. It was a long line of similar misrepresentations which made it possible for that foreign syndicate to drive such a hard bargain in the exchange of gold for the last issue of bonds; yet those who had been the busiest in circulating them were the loudest in abusing the President and Secretary Carlisle for having accepted the terms of the syndicate.

Members of the administration have accepted without comment the income tax decision. Other officials have not been so reticent. For instance, Senator Palmer, of Illinois, at present in Washington, said: "The country will accept the decision, but if the emergency should arise for the enactment of another income tax law Congress will pass it and the Supreme Court then sitting will uphold the taxing authority of Congress in the premises. The people of the country understand their power."

A rather interesting story is being told concerning the payment of the deferred sugar bounty, authorized at the last session of Congress, and the proposed establishment of a republican daily newspaper at New Orleans with a capital of $1,000,000. It seems that ex-Gov. Warmouth, of La., was the originator of the scheme. The Louisiana sugar planters pledging themselves to invest in the stock of the proposed paper a certain per centage of the amount received, if the bill authorizing the payment passed Congress and became a law. President Cleveland and the democrats in Congress were asked to endorse the bill for the payment of the deferred sugar bounty as a matter of justice to the sugar planters, and the republicans in Congress were asked to support it because a good portion of the money paid would go towards the establishment and maintenance of a republican daily at New Orleans. The result is history. The payment was authorized and $5,000,000 was appropriated by Congress, but Secretary Carlisle has not paid out the money yet, and that republican daily has consequently not been established. One of the reasons the money has not been paid out is that the appropriation was not large enough to pay all the claims, but there may be other reasons which will prevent payment for some time. A republican Senator speaking of the matter said: "Certainly a democratic administration ought not to furnish money to people who propose to use it to establish an organ with which to antagonize it. True, the debt will have to be paid some time, but if I were at the head of the Treasury I would let those hot headed fellows in Louisiana whistle for their money. I would not pay them until compelled to do so."

Somebody with nothing better to do started a rumor that the decision of the Supreme Court against the income tax made the government liable to the heirs of those who paid the income tax under the law enacted as a war measure for all the money collected under the law. Nothing could be more absurd. While the law under which the old income tax was collected was practically the same that has been declared unconstitutional by the present Supreme Court it was passed upon and declared constitutional by the then Supreme Court, and those who paid money under it can have no valid claim on the government for its return.

Secretary Herbert has accepted an invitation to be the orator of the day at the Memorial Day ceremonies at St. Elizabeth's cemetery. President Cleveland has been invited to Arlington, but it is not certain that he will be in Washington, as he is quite anxious to accompany Mrs. Cleveland and the children to Gray Gables, and they may go before next Thursday. There is a special reason why Mrs. Cleveland's departure cannot be postponed much longer. She would have gone before now, but for the prevalence of disagreeable weather.

Are you all tired out, do you have that tired feeling or sick headache? You can be relieved of all these by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Call and see the typewriter paper at this office. tf.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

IN DESPAIR.

A PEN PICTURE.

Many Women Will Recognize It.

(SPECIAL TO OUR LADY READERS.)

"Oh, I am so nervous! No one ever suffered as I do! There isn't a well inch in my whole body! I honestly think my lungs are diseased, my chest pains me so; but I've no cough. I'm so weak at my stomach, and have indigestion horribly. Then I have palpitation, and my heart hurts me. How I am losing flesh! and this headache nearly kills me; and the backache—Heavens! I had hysterics yesterday. There is a weight in the lower part of my bowels, bearing down all the time; and there are pains in my groins and thighs. I can't sleep, walk, or sit. I'm diseased all over. The doctor? Oh! he tells me to keep quiet. Such mockery!

Inflammatory and ulcerative conditions at the neck of the womb can produce all the above symptoms in the same person. In fact, there is hardly a part of the body that can escape those sympathetic pains and aches.

No woman should allow herself to reach such a perfection of misery when there is positively no need of it.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound acts promptly and thoroughly in such cases; strengthens the muscles of the womb, heals all inflammation, and restores that unruly organ to its normal condition. Druggists are selling carloads of it. Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., will gladly and freely answer all letters asking for advice.

Mrs. E. Bishop, 787 Halsey Street, Brooklyn, N.Y., suffered all the above described horrors. Now she is well. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cured her. Write her about it.

Crown Acme,

The best burning oil that can be made from petroleum.

It gives a brilliant light. It will not smoke the chimneys. It will not char the wick. It has a high fire test. It will not explode. It is pre-eminently a family safety oil.

We Challenge Comparison with any other illuminating oil made.

We stake our Reputation, as Refiners upon the statement that it is

The Best Oil

IN THE WORLD.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR.

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—:o:—

THE ATLANTIC REFINING CO.,

BLOOMSBURG STATION,

BLOOMSBURG, PA

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS

Cleanse the Bowels and Purify the Blood! Cure Diarrhœa, Dysentery and Dyspepsia, and give healthy action to the entire system.

7-13-tf.—N. & C

STEEL ROOFING and SIDING.

(Sagendorph's Patent.)

Lightning, Fire and Storm Proof

Send for catalogue of prices. | **The Penn Iron Roofing and Corrugating Co.** (Ltd.), **Phila., Pa., Sole Mfrs.**

Chichester's Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for *Chichester's English Diamond Brand* in **Red** and **Gold** metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. *Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations.* At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. *Name Paper* Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square Philada., Pa.

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but ship from our factory at wholesale prices. Ship anywhere for examination; pay freight both ways if not satisfactory. 100 styles of Carriages. 90 styles of Harness. Send 4 cts. for 112 page catalogue.

No. 7188 $35.

ELKHART CARRIAGE AND HARNESS MFG. CO., W. B. Pratt, Sec'y, Elkhart, Ind.

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THE COLUMBIA KITCHEN SPOON

for dipping Ice Cream, Puddings, Batter, Mashed Potatoes, and anything that sticks to the bowl. No extra knife or spoon needed to clean it. Every housekeeper will be delighted with it. Agents wanted. Sample by mail, Tinned, 30c.; Nickle Plated, 50c.

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8-8-tf

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OF PENNSYLVANIA, IN

LONG STANDING CHRONIC CASES AND DISEASES OF WOMEN,

—) OF (—

HARRISBURG, - PA.

227 Herr St., between 2d and 3d Sts.,

Where he can be seen five days in the week, viz: Thursday, Friday, Saturday, (Sunday from 1 to 4 P. M.,) and Mondays.

WILL VISIT

BLOOMSBURG,

AT THE

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

ON TUESDAY OF EACH WEEK.

OFFICE HOURS—Office hours will be from 8:30 to 11:30 in the morning. From 1 o'clock to 4 in the afternoon, and from 7 to 9 in the evening, excepting Sunday.

CONSULTATION FREE.

Many years' experience has taught him that nearly all ailments can be cured or greatly helped. The diseases he treats are Consumption, all Bronchial Affections, Loss of Manhood, Crooked Limbs, Wry Necks, Barrenness, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Syphilis, Eye and Ear Diseases, Skin Diseases, Neuralgia, Bright's Disease, Ulcers and Old Sores of every description, Rheumatism, either acute or chronic, Sick Headache, Epilepsy, Gastritis, Congestion, Canker, Tonsilitis, Deafness, St. Vitus' Dance, Impediment of Speech, Loss of Voice, Stuttering, Cancer of the Stomach, Piles, Jaundice, Constipation, Biliousness, Dysentery, Chronic Diarrhœa, Chills and Fever, Fistula, Bilious Colic, Paralysis, Heart Disease, Intestinal Worms and Liver Complaints.

However, it must be remembered that he will not undertake to treat all cases, *but only those* which he is positive can be cured or greatly relieved, and will tell you at once which, *Of either*, can be accomplished.

DR. MacTAGGART is the only specialist this side of New York, Philadelphia and Buffalo, who makes an exclusive specialty of treating Chronic Cases and the Diseases of Women. Those who have been suffering for years should call at once and learn whether their ailment can be cured or not. No cases received unless they can be cured or greatly helped.

What Dr. MacTaggart

HAS DONE AND IS DOING.

The Doctor wishes the public to understand that he is not soliciting the ordinary run of cases, but desires just such diseases to treat that other physicians cannot succeed with or at least fail to cure. When you suffer from such *consult* HIM (consultation is free), have him thoroughly diagnose your case, and then what he tells you can be relied upon as a fact beyond refutation. Some may say, "Why go to Dr. MacTaggart when we have as good doctors here as anywhere?" Yes, so you have in their line of practice, but *not* in those specialties that Dr. MacTaggart is schooled and practiced in. In support of this unqualified assertion read his testimonials—not only read them, but investigate the truthfulness of them. Where are the physicians who can remove cancers without pain and cure it beyond peradventure? He does it. Where can you find another physician in Pennsylvania who can remove tumors of even 60 pounds weight without the use of the knife, without pain, and without leaving a scar? Dr. MacTaggart does it. What physician can cure fistulas without cutting or causing the least pain or soreness during treatment? Dr. MacTaggart does it successfully. These are golden truths—*golden* because it proves beyond dispute that the science of medicine in specialties particularly, is advancing with rapid strides far in the lead of the regular practioner. 1-18-1y.

READING RAILROAD SYSTEM

In effect May, 12, 1895.

TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading Pottsville, Tamaqua, weekdays 11.55 a. m.

For Williamsport, weekdays, 7.35 a. m., 3.25 p. m.

For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7.35 a. m., 3.15.

For Catawissa weekdays 7.35, 11.55 a. m., 12.20, 5.00 6.35, p. m.

For Rupert weekdays 7.35, 11.55 a. m., 12.20, 3.25 5.00, 6.35, p. m.

For Baltimore, Washington and the West via B. & O. R. R., through trains leave Reading Terminal, Philadelphia, 3.20, 7.55, 11.26 a. m., 3.46 7.27, p. m. Sundays 3.20, 7.55 11.26 a. m., 3.46, 7 27, p. m. Additional trains from 24 and Chestnut street station, weekdays, 1.35, 5.41, 8 23 p. m. Sundays, 1.35, 8.23 p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG

Leave New York via Philadelphia 8.00 a m., and via Easton 9.10 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia 10.00 a. m.

Leave Reading 11.50 a. m.

Leave Pottsville 12.30 p. m.

Leave Tamaqua 1.20 a. m.,

Leave Williamsport weekdays 10.10 a m, 4.30 p. m.

Leave Catawissa weekdays, 7.00, 8.20 a. m. 1.30, 3.27, 6.15.

Leave Rupert, weekdays, 7.08, 8.27, a. m., 12.06 1.37, 3.36, 6.23.

ATLANTIC CITY DIVISION.

Leave Philadelphia, Chestnut Street wharf and South Street wharf for Atlantic City

WEEK-DAYS—Express, 9.00, a. m., 2.00, (Saturdays only 3.00), 4.00, 5.00 p. m. Accommodation, 8.00 a. m., 5.45, p. m.

SUNDAY—Express, 9.00, 10.00 a. m. Accommodation, 8 00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.

Returning, leave Atlantic City, depot, corner Atlantic and Arkansas Avenues.

WEEK-DAYS—Express, 7.35 9.00 a. m. and 4.00 and 5.30 p. m. Accommodation, 8.15 a. m. and 4.32 p. m.

Sundays—Express, 4.00, 5.15, 8.00 p. m. Accommodation, 7.15 a. m. and 4.15 p. m.

Parlor Cars on all Express trains.

I. A. SWEIGARD, Gen'l Superintendent. C. G. HANCOCK, Gen'l Pass. Agt

SOUTH.— **B. & S. R. R.** —NORTH

ARRIVE a m	ARRIVE a. m.	p m	p.m.	STATIONS.	LEAVE a m	p m	p m	p m	LEAVE a m
7.10	11.40	6.30	2.40	Bloomsbu'g.	8.30	2 40	6.40	6.10	
7.03	11.35	6.26	2.3	" P. & R.	8.33	2.42	6.44	6.13	
7.03	11.32	6.24	2.35	" Main st..	8.35	2.45	6.47		
		6.20	2.32	..Irondale...		2.47	6.50	6.25	
6.53	11.23	6.12	2.20	Paper Mill.	8.44	2.54	6.58	6.37	
6.50	11.20	6.09	2.15	..Light st .	8.47	3.00	7.02	6.50	
6.46	11.10	5.59	2.00	Orangeville.	8.56	3.10	7.10	7.10	
6 29	11.0	5.48	1.31	..Forks...	9.06	3.20	7.20	7.35	
6.25	10.58	5.44	1.30	..Zaner's...	9.09	3.25	7.24	7.45	
6.18	10.53	5.37	1.25	.Stillwater.	9.13	3.30	7.29	8.00	
6 08	10.43	5.27	1.10	...Benton...	9.23	3.40	7.39	8.40	
6.04	10 40	5 22	12.55	..Edson's...	9.26	3.43	7.44	8.50	
6.02	10 38	5.20	12.30	Cole's Cr'k.	9.28	3.47	7.48	8.53	
5.58	10.25	5.06	2.25	.sugarloaf..	9.31	3.52	7.52	9.00	
5.55	10.32	5.13	12.50	..Laubach...	9.35	3.57	7.57	9.10	
5.43	10.23	5.03	12.03	..Central...	9.45	4.07	8.07	9.30	
5.40	10.20	5.00	11.50	.Jam. City..	9.50	4.10	8.10	9.40	
a m	a m	p m	p m		a m	p m	p m	p m	a m
LEAVE									ARRIVE

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Time Table in effect May 19, '95.

Scranton(D & H)lv	.....	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	Sund'y
Pittston " "	.....	9 38	12 38	6 10		
		10 00	3 00	6 29		
Wilkesbarre...lv	2 20	10 15	3 37	6 10		4 40
Plym'th Ferry "	2 30	10 25	3 52	6 02		4 48
Nanticoke ... "	7 40	10 30	3 59	6 14		5 00
Mocanaqua ... "	8 01	10 50	4 47	6 35		5 23
Wapwallopen. "	8 11	11 00	3 57	6 46		5 32
Nescopeck ... ar	8 43	11 11	4 08	6 58		5 42
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.			
Pottsville.... lv	6 00	9 05	1 50	.....		.....
Hazleton ..... "	7 10	11 05	3 04	.....		.....
Tomhicken..... "	7 10	11 25	3 22	.....		.....
Fern Glen..... "	7 34	11 34	3 32	.....		.....
Rock Glen .... "	7 44	11 40	3 39	.....		.....
Nescopeck .... ar	8 04	.....	4 08	.....		.....
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.			P. M.
Nescopeck..... lv	8 23	11 11	4 07	.....		5 43
Creasy ..... "	8 33	Via	4 17	.....		5 53
Espy Ferry.... "	8 43	Rock	4 27	.....		6 04
E. Bloomsburg"	8 47	Glen	4 32	.....		6 08
		P. M.				
Catawissa .... ar	8 55	12 18	4 34	.....		6 16
Catawissa lv	8 55	12 18	4 38	.....		6 16
Riverside..... "	9 14	12 37	4 57	.....		6 32
Sunbury..... "	9 35	1 00	5 20	.....		7 00
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.			P. M.
Sunbury lv	9 56	1 35	5 40	.....		9 25
Lewisburg ... ar	10 20	2 08	6 15	.....		.....
Milton ..... "	10 34	2 03	6 06	.....		9 03
Williamsport. "	11 15	3 00	7 00	.....		10 40
Lock Haven ... "	12 20	4 10	8 00	.....		.....
Renovo ..... "	P. M.	5 15	9 00	.....		.....
Kane ..... "		9 15	.....	.....		.....
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.			P. M.
Sunbury..... lv	9 48	1 50	5 20	.....		8 17
Harrisburg.... ar	11 30	3 20	7 10	.....		10 00
	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.			A. M.
Philadelphia .ar	3 00	6 12	11 15	.....		4 00
Baltimore..... "	1 30	6 15	10 40	.....		6 00
Washington .... "	2 43	7 30	.....	.....		7 40
	A. M.	P. M.				
Sunbury lv	10 05	2 25	.....	.....		.....
Lewistown Jc ar	12 05	4 25	.....	.....		.....
Pittsburg..... "	8 10	11 30	.....	.....		.....
		P. M.	P. M.	P. M.		P. M.
Harrisburg.... lv	.....	8 50	7 30	.....		11 55
			A. M.			A. M.
Pittsburg .... ar	.....	11 30	2 00	.....		7 15

† Daily, except sunday. ‡ Daily. ‖ Flag station.

					Sund'y
	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	
Pittsburg..... lv	7 00	8 10	8 00	8 10	
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M	A. M.	
Harrisburg.....ar	2 10	3 30	3 10	3 30	
		A. M.	A. M.		
Pittsburg..... lv	.....	.....	8 00	.....	
			P. M.		
Lewistown Jc.."	.....	7 35	3 40	.....	
Sunbury..... ar	.....	9 28	5 00	.....	
	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	
Washington....lv	10 40	.....	10 30	.....	
Baltimore..... "	11 50	4 45	11 40	4 45	
Philadelphia... "	11 40	4 30	12 25	4 30	
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	
Harrisburg..... lv	3 30	8 15	3 55	8 15	
Sunbury..... ar	5 08	9 55	5 35	9 56	
	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	
Erie lv	2 15	.....	.....	2 25	
Kane..... "	7 05	.....	6 30	7 05	
Renova..... "	10 25	10 35	10 25	10 35	
Lock Haven.... "	11 05	7 12	11 20	11 25	
			P. M.	A. M.	
Williamsport.."	3 25	8 15	4 00	8 25	
Milton..... "	4 12	9 10	4 56	4 12	
Lewisburg..... "	.....	9 00	4 47	.....	
Sunbury..... ar	4 36	9 38	5 25	4 36	
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	
Sunbury..... lv	5 25	10 10	5 43	10 50	
Riverside..... "	5 48	10 22	6 07	10 29	
Catawissa..... "	6 08	10 46	6 26	10 42	
E. Bloomsburg"	Via	10 48	6 33	10 48	
Espy Ferry..... "	Rock	10 52	6 38	10 52	
Creasy ..... "	Glen.	11 01	6 48	11 01	
Nescopeck ... ar	8 04	11 11	6 58	11 14	
	A. M.	A. M.		P. M.	
Nescopeck..... lv	.....	11 11		6 58	
Rock Glen..... ar	6 52	11 37		7 22	
Fern Glen..... "	6 59	11 43		7 27	
Tomhicken..... "	7 10	11 54		7 34	
		P. M.			
Hazleton ..... "	7 34	12 15		7 56	
Pottsville ... "	8 45	1 22		9 05	
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Nescopeck..... lv	8 04	11 11	6 58	11 11	
Wapwallopen.ar	8 16	11 22	7 10	11 23	
Mocanaqua..... "	8 26	11 32	7 22	11 33	
Nanticoke ..... "	8 46	11 54	7 44	11 54	
		P. M.		P. M.	
Plym'th Ferry "	8 54	12 02	7 53	12 02	
Wilkesbarre.... "	9 00	12 10	8 00	12 10	
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	
Pittston(D & H) ar	9 34	12 49	5 41	6 32	
Scranton " "	10 05	1 16	6 08	9 03	

† Daily, except Sunday. ‡ Daily. ‖ Flag station.

Pullman Parlor and Sleeping Cars run on through trains between Sunbury, Williamsport and Erie, between Sunbury and Philadelphia and Washington and between Harrisburg, Pittsburg and the west.

For further information apply to Ticket Agents.

S. M. PREVOST, Gen'l. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA & WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

STATIONS.	EAST. A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
NORTHUMBERLAND.....	6 25	1.50	10 05	5 50
Cameron.....	6 40	.....	.....	6 03
Chulasky.....	.....	.....	.....	6 07
Danville	6 53	2 12	10 26	6 13
Catawissa	7 10	2 26	10 39	6 28
Rupert.....	7 17	2 31	10 44	6 33
Bloomsburg.....	7 25	2 36	10 49	6 39
Espy.....	7 33	2 43	....	6 45
Lime Ridge.....	7 40	2 50	.....	6 52
Willow Grove.....	7 44	2 54	.....	6 56
Briarcreek.....	7 48	.....	.....	7 00
Berwick.....	7 58	3 04	11 12	7 06
Beach Haven.....	8 04	3 10	11 18	7 12
Hick's Ferry.....	8 10	3 17	....	7 19
Shickshinny.....	8 20	3 29	11 33	7 35
Huntock's.....	8 30	3 39	....	7 47
Nanticoke.....	8 37	3 46	11 49	7 54
Avondale.....	8 41	3 51	....	7 58
Plymouth.....	8 45	3 56	11 56	8 03
Plymouth Junction.....	8 49	4 01	....	8 07
Kingston.....	8 54	4 05	12 05	8 12
Bennett.....	8 58	4 08	....	8 16
Forty Fort.....	9 00	4 11	....	8 19
Wyoming.....	9 05	4 17	12 16	8 25
West Pittston.....	9 10	4 22	.....	8 30
Susquehanna Ave.....	9 14	4 25	12 23	8 33
Pittston	9 17	4 30	12 20	8 29
Duryea	9 20	4 34	.....	8 44
Lackawanna.....	9 24	4 37	.....	8 48
Taylor.....	9 32	4 45	12 40	8 57
Bellevue.....	9 37	4 50	.....	9 02
SCRANTON.....	9 42	4 55	12 48	9 07
	A. M	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

STATIONS.	WEST. A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
SCRANTON.....	6 00	9 55	1 30	6

The Columbian.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

The Columbia Democrat,

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869.
PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING
at Bloomsburg, the County seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

GEO. E. ELWELL EDITOR.
GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.

TERMS:—Inside the county, $1.00 a year in advance; $1.50 if not paid in advance Outside the county, $1.25 a year, strictly in advance.
All communications should be addressed to
THE COLUMBIAN,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

FRIDAY, MAY 31, 1895.

SECRETARY GRESHAM DEAD.

Walter Q. Gresham, Secretary of State in President Cleveland's cabinet, died last Monday at Washington, after a brief illness.

Walter Quinton Gresham was little more than sixty three years old when his record as soldier, jurist and statesman was closed by death. He was essentially an Indianian, though of late years claiming residence in Illinois. Born in a log cabin in Harrison county, Ind., on March 17, 1832, and receiving all his early education and legal training in that State. he abandoned a prosperous law practice and a membership in the State Legislature in August, 1861, to throw his whole energies into the prosecution of the war for the defense of the Union. His gallant and conspicuously able services in that capacity secured him the strong friendship of General Grant and the respect of his Confederate opponents, which was frequently manifested in after life.

He entered the service as lieutenant colonel of the Thirty eighth Indiana Volunteers, was brevetted brigadier general for gallantry in the siege of Vicksburg, and retired as major general.

After the war closed he was brought forward prominently as a political candidate. He ran for Congress in the New Albany, Ind., district in 1866 as a Republican and was defeated. Then he was appointed financial agent of his State in New York city, and while holding this position was selected by President Grant for appointment as United States District Judge in his native State.

In 1880, when one of the customary changes in the complexion of the Indiana Legislature made it possible to elect a Republican to succeed Joseph E. McDonald, to the United States Senate, Judge Gresham and Benjamin Harrison were the leading candidates for the position, and Mr. Harrison secured the election.

After the death of Garfield, in 1882, Judge Gresham was tendered the position of Postmaster General in President Arthur's reorganized Cabinet, and resigned his District Judgeship to accept it. When Secretary Folger died, in 1884, after his overwhelming defeat as candidate for Governor of New York by Grover Cleveland, Mr. Gresham was transferred to the Treasury portfolio, thus vacated.

The duties of a Cabinet officer and the exacting requirements involved in the disposal of the patronage of one of the greatest executive departments of the Government were not to his taste, and at his own request President Arthur nominated him, after barely three month's service as Secretary of the Treasury, to the position of Circuit Judge for the Seventh Judicial Circuit, which embraces the States of Indiana, Illinois and Wisconsin. He retained this position until, at Mr. Cleveland's urgent personal request, he joined Mr. Cleveland's second Cabinet as Secretary of State. But in the mean time varying political movements had brought his name forward as a candidate for the Presidency.

In an interlude in the convention at Chicago, which subsequently nominated Benjamin Harrison, Colonel Robert G. Ingersoll was called to the platform for a patriotic speech, and after thrilling the convention with one of his finest bursts of eloquence, suddenly sprang the name of Judge Gresham as Presidential nominee and attempted to stampede the convention to his support.

The utterly unexpected anti climax which followed this dramatic incident is something which even the most experienced frequenters of political conventions will always bear in memory. It seems as if the entire convention rose as one man and hooted down the eloquent speaker for what was regarded as an attempt to take snap judgment on them, and Judge Gresham's name was not again seriously considered by the convention.

In 1892 the Populist party sent a delegation to tender Judge Gresham a nomination at the head of their ticket; but he declined to accept the offer, and remained on the Bench until he resigned, at the personal request of Mr. Cleveland, to become Secretary of State.

Last Friday was the birthday anniversary of Queen Victoria. She is now 76 and very feeble and few believe she will live long, so that there is a strong prospect that King Edward VII. may reign in England very soon. But meantime all loyal Englishmen and a great many others say "God save the Queen."

The Appellate Court.

The grangers are prepared to make a fight against the bill creating an appellate court. This bill has gone through the senate and is on the house calendar among the postponed bills for third reading. It will be called up this week by Representative Kunkel. Ex-Magistrate Durham is here directing the fight against the bill. His lieutenants are Representatives Merrick, Mattox and Baldwin. The latter made a systematic canvass of the house last Thursday and found eighty-two members opposed to it. Many of those with whom he spoke have led him to believe that while they are pledged to vote for the bill they will be conveniently absent when the roll is called. The Democrats are nearly all against the measure and it is doubtful if more than ten of the twenty-nine will support it.

The administration forces, together with Chris. L. Magee and Senators Flinn and Porter, are in favor of the bill. David Martin is not taking a hand. It is well for the bill that he is not. If it were known he favored it the supporters of Senator Quay, many of whom will vote for the bill, would vote the other way just to get a chance at Martin.

There is some doubt as to Quay's position on this measure. A week ago his friends heralded from the housetops that the Beaver man wanted the bill to pass, believing that the governor would sign it and appoint as one of the judges his friend and neighbor, Judge Wickham, of Beaver. Since then ex-Magistrate Durham and Senators Andrews and Penrose have been lobbying against the measure and the natural conclusion is that Senator Quay does not want it passed.

The Allegheny delegation, with the possible exception of the two or three close Quay men, will support the bill.

The Philadelphia representatives are about equally divided.—*Patriot.*

NO MONEY FOR SOLDIERS.

Governor Hastings has vetoed the bill to compensate George Gould, a member of company B, Eighth regiment, National Guard. In his message to the house the governor states that there were six other bills of the same kind that would meet the same fate. These bills provide for gratuities for members of the Guard ranging in amounts from $37.50 to $367.50. These seven men served in company B at Homestead during the famous strike. They were relieved from duty on July 7, 1892, and paid for their services up to date by the adjutant general. Shortly after their return home six of them were taken sick with typhoid fever and other trouble. One of them died September 4, 1892, and the others recovered after illnesses that ranged from eight months to twenty four days.

Governor Hastings says he is asked to approve these bills without an iota of proof of their merit. He deems this character of legislation dangerous and thinks it tends to imposition upon the legislature. The governor favors some general legislation which will provide for a careful examination of the merits of all applications of this character. Governor Hastings says those who have an honorable claim upon the state should be the recipient of its justice and bounty.

One of the applicants for gratuity is Lillie C. Raabe. He wants a pension of $37.50 for twenty-three days of slight illness, even after he was paid for his service. The national government never granted such large gratuities for services in the late war. The governor says he is convinced it is his duty to withhold his approval of these bills and to call attention to the necessity for legislation covering this subject. The other bills were vetoed and the governor's objections sustained by the house.

WILDE FOUND GUILTY.

SENTENCED TO TWO YEARS IN PRISON AT HARD LABOR.

LONDON, May 26.—On every count of the indictment except one, Oscar Wilde, the æsthete, was convicted in Old Bailey court, London, of gross immorality, and he was sentenced to prison for two years at hard labor. Taylor, his companion in vice, who was convicted Friday, was given the same sentence.

The verdict was reached after two hours' deliberation, and its announcement in court caused a great sensation, as another disagreement was generally expected. Sir Edward Clarke, on behalf of Wilde, made application for a postponement of sentence. The judge peremptorily refused to postpone and summoned the pair before him for sentence.

Wilde did not look at the judge while his doom was being pronounced. His eyes roved around the court room, his face never changed color, and he looked like a man who had made up his mind to make the best of a bad situation.

Shenandoah City Colliery, which has been idle the past three months undergoing repairs, resumed operations on Monday, giving employment to 800 men and boys. It is equipped with all the latest and most improved machinery and will have a shipping capacity of 1,000 tons of coal daily.

GENERAL NEWS.

Chief of Police Thomas Byrnes, of New York city has resigned. He had acquired a national reputation as a detective. The developements in the Lexow investigation led to his retirement.

The Chamber of Commerce of the State of New York has decided to enter upon an active and aggressive crusade against free silver coinage. The crusade is to cover every section of the country and is to be comprehensive in its scope. For this purpose a special committee of the representative leaders in every line of business in New York city has been appointed. This committee will supervise the plan of campaign. The general committee has been divided up into an executive committee. This committee has further divided the work into sub committees on the formation of sound money clubs and cooperation with kindred organizations.

While excavating on the site of Starr Garden Park a gang of workmen unearthed a coffin in the rear of 616 Lombard street, Philadelphia. It was discovered while cleaning out a well, and when it was brought to the surface and opened a number of decayed bones were disclosed. From the appearance of the bones they were those of very young children.

Dr. Robert W. Buchanan has been resentenced to death by the Court of appeals of New York. This is the fourth time he has been sentenced to death, and each time the execution was postponed by the action of his counsel. He killed his wife.

Among the interesting features of a celebration such as that which will be held in Williamsport on July 2, 3 and 4, are the displays of oratory which shall arouse the patriotism of the people and make the welkin ring. Without a declamation the Fourth of July would be an ordinary occasion at any time, says the Williamsport *Sun*, but when a county of such importance as Lycoming proposes to celebrate its centennial anniversary, to leave the speeches off the programme would be to take from the event one of the most interesting features. During the three days of the centennial celebration the people will listen to three well known and eloquent orators, Captain Clement, of Sunbury; Charles Tubbs, of Osceola, and C. La Rue Munson, of Williamsport.

The House has passed finally a bill to create a new normal school district in the State, comprised of the counties of Bucks and Montgomery. Representative Goentner, of Montgomery county, stood sponsor for the bill. The final success of the bill is not yet assured, but several communities along the North Penn are anxious to provide ground for the proposed school.

The bituminous coal fields of Pennsylvania underlie twenty-five counties, comprising almost the entire western half of the State. In 1893 the production was 44,070,724 tons and last year it was 39,748,900, while in 1892 it was 46,694,576. The product by counties is not given for 1894, but in 1893 Cambria county stood sixth with an output of 3,086,554 tons, the five ahead on the list being Westmoreland, Fayette, Clearfield, Allegheny and Jefferson, in the order named. The average price received at the mines in 1894 for the total output of the State was seventy-six cents per ton.

It is a constant round of care and toil from which there is no escape. How essential, then, are health and strength, and yet with how many women these are altogether lacking. They are tired all day and unable to sleep at night. In this condition the system will soon break down.

Restore the Strength,

overcome that tired feeling, build up the system by the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla before it is too late. This great medicine is exactly what overworked women need. It makes pure, rich blood, creates an appetite, gives strength to the nerves.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is the Only True Blood Purifier

Prominently in the public eye today.

Hood's Pills are tasteless, mild, effective. All druggists. 25c.

JOHN R. TOWNSEND,

Merchant TAILOR,

AND HATTER.

SUITS FROM $18.00.

CORNER MAIN & MARKET Sts. BLOOMSBURG, PA.

TROUSERS FROM $5.00.

To Increase the Indebtedness of the Town of Bloomsburg.

The following ordinance was passed by the Town Council at a meeting held May 22.

An Ordinance to Provide for an Increase of Indebtedness of the Town of Bloomsburg, in order to fund the Present Indebtedness of said Municipality as Evidenced by Outstanding Orders, and a Judgment of Court in an Action for Tort, for Damages Sustained by W. R. Ringrose, for Personal Injuries Received: and also Purchase Real Estate and the Equipment of a Plant to Furnish Light for the said Town, and to Pay the Expenses Incident to the Opening of Jefferson Street and North Street, Ordained to be Opened by Previous Councils, and for Obtaining Consent of the Electors of said Municipality thereto.

WHEREAS, The existing bonded indebtedness of the Town of Bloomsburg amounts to the sum of $37,940, and in addition thereto there is an existing indebtedness for outstanding orders—the sum of $12,500 and for the judgment obtained against the said Town, for personal injuries received by W. R. Ringrose, together with the interest, costs and expenses incident to the litigation concerning the same, amounting to about $7,000—which outstanding orders and judgment are bearing six per cent, interest, and it is desirable to fund the said indebtedness by the substitution of another form of indebtedness bearing a lower rate of interest.

AND WHEREAS, Also the said Town is now at an annual expense approximating $4400 for the furnishing of Lights for its Highways and Streets, and there is demand made for the immediate opening of Jefferson Street and of North Street agreeably to the action of the corporate Authorities of said Town, heretofore had; and it is believed that the interests of the said Town will be the better subserved by the procurement of a plant and the necessary appliances, for the furnishing of light for the Highways of said Town and to be owned by the said Town; and by the immediate opening of the Highways mentioned and previously ordained.

Therefore be it ordained and enacted by the Town Council of the Town of Bloomsburg, and it is hereby ordained and exacted by authority of the same:

Sec. 1. That for the purpose of funding the debt of the said municipality as evidenced by the existing and outstanding orders of the said Town, and for the payment of the judgment, interest, costs and expenses incident to the litigation of the claim of W. R. Ringrose against said Town for personal injuries received by him; as well as for the purpose of procuring real estate and the necessary machinery and appliances for the furnishing of the light for the Streets and Highways thereof; and to pay the damages, costs and expenses for the opening of Jefferson Street and North Street is already ordained, that the bonded indebtedness of the said Town of Bloomsburg be increased in the sum of Forty Thousand Eight Hundred Dollars ($40,800).

Sec. 2. That bonds be issued in denominations of $500, $200 and $100 each, with coupons attached, and bearing interest at four and a half per centum, per annum, payable semi-annually, to secure the payment of the indebtedness hereby created, all of which shall be payable within twenty years from the date of issue; which bonds shall be in such form, and be executed, issued and delivered in accordance with, and subject to such regulations and resolutions as the President and Town Council may adopt.

Sec. 3 That an annual tax commencing with the first year after such bonds shall have been issued of at least two mills on the dollar of the assessed valuation of taxable property in said town of Bloomsburg, be hereafter annually levied and collected for the purpose of repaying the said indebtedness and the interest thereon; and that the President of the Town Council is hereby authorized and directed to make and file with the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace of Columbia County, attested by the Secretary of the Town Council, the statement required by law.

Sec. 4. That notice be given agreeably to the provisions of the Act of Assembly of April 20, 1874, and its supplements, by advertisement published in THE COLUMBIAN, "Democratic Sentinel" and "Columbia County Republican," and by twenty printed hand bills, posted in the most public parts of said Town, that an election will be held at the usual places of holding the general and municipal elections in the said Town of Bloomsburg, on Tuesday, the Sixteenth day of July, A. D., 1895, between the hours provided by law for holding of general elections, for the purpose of obtaining consent of the Electors of said Town to such increase of indebtedness.

Sec. 5. That the President of the Town Council shall cause to be prepared and distributed printed tickets labelled on the outside "Increase the Debt," and containing on the inside the words "Debt may be Increased" also the words "For Loan to Fund Outstanding Orders and the W. R. Ringrose judgment; and to pay the Expenses of Plant for Light and of Opening Jefferson and North Sts., Total $40,800;" and he shall also prepare and distribute tickets labelled on the outside "Increase the Debt" and containing on the inside "No Increase of Debt," also the words "For Loan to Fund Outstanding Orders and the W. R. Ringrose Judgment; and to pay the Expenses of Plant for Light, and of Opening Jefferson and North Streets, Total $40,800;" that due notice be given to the Electors of the Town of Bloomsburg in the manner prescribed by the 3rd Section of the Act of 1874 and its supplements, said notice to contain a statement of the last assessed valuation of taxable property in said Town, of the amount of the existing debt, of the amount and percentage of the proposed increase, and the purposes for which the indebtedness is to be increased.

Passed and approved May 21st, 1895.

S. C. CREASY, President.

Attest: R. H. RINGLER, Sec. of Town Council.

WOULDN'T A SALARY COME HANDY? See advertisement of a "Chance to earn money," in another column, if you want a position. 5-17-4t.

WE CREDIT EVERYONE with common sense; improbable stories never find place under our name in these columns. This week's store news is brim full of good things. Note the things we speak of this week:

BLACK DRESS GOODS.

No mistakes to acknowledge. No blunders to correct. They come from the very best mills in America and Europe. They are stylish, seasonable, and in every way splendid fabrics. Wouldn't be on our counters if they were not. We will let you say how much more they are worth. Prices range from 50c. to $1.75.

UNDERWEAR.

We mean muslin underwear just now in particular. All correctly made, well made, and made of good material. We have never sold as much as now. We are out of one kind just now, but only for a day or two; have it coming as fast as we can. Can't be equaled in town for the prices, as the make up is the very best. Some go for 28c., others higher.

PLISSE.

Just new this season. Oh, how lovely. Nothing cooler or more stylish. Just the thing for these hot summer days that are coming. We have it in all kinds of designs. Light and dark back grounds. Some have the waves in the stripe, others in the body. They all go for 15c. the yard.

DUCKS.

There is nothing more stylish or neater looking than duck suits. Every one wants one for this summer. Dark blue back ground, with white stripe is one. Can you imagine anything prettier? Lots of others, especially the linen colored duck. All just the thing at 12½c.

DOTTED SWISS.

These are being shown and are going to be worn more than ever this year. We have them in plain, and also with the flouncing around the bottom, insertion four inches from the flouncing, full skirt length, all different designs, at $1.00, $1.20, $1.40. Children's at less than half of some of these.

SHOES.

Do you know that we are now carrying the most complete line of anyone in town? Why? Because we never do anything by halves. We can show you more value and style for your money than any where else. A full Russia leather tan shoe for $2.25.

PURSEL & HARMAN,

Bloomsburg, Pa

A Great Offer.

The "Twice-a-Week" edition of the New York *World* (formerly the Weekly) has proved a phenomenal success. It is a Semi-Weekly of six pages, mailed Tuesdays and Fridays; eight columns to the page; forty-eight columns each issue. It gives the news fully half a week ahead of any weekly paper, and, at the same time, retains all the literary, agricultural, miscellany and other features which made the Weekly *World* so popular. Yet the price is only $1.00 a year. For sample copies address THE WORLD, N. Y.

Arrangements have been made by which we can furnish this paper and the Twice-a-Week New York *World* all for $1.75 a year. Take advantage of this offer and get your own local paper and the Twice-a-Week *World* at this special rate. tf.

There is no doubt that Ex-President Harrison is a candidate. He is inveighing against "the bondholders and coupon clippers," and expressing an interest in "the workers and toilers of the nation."—*Louisville Courier Journal.*

Lumber For Sale

on Iram Derr's land, near A. J. Derr's store, Jackson township, Pa.

Shingles, Plastering Lath, Hemlock and Pine cut to bills.

We have saw-mills on this tract running daily, and have there on hand and can cut timber &c. at any time.

Shingles, No 1, all 5 and 6 in. selected,	$1.50 M
" No 1, all 5 and 6 in. best pine,	$2.50 M
Plastering lath, 4 ft. long,	$1.50 M
" " 3 ft. long,	$1.25 M
Hemlock, common sizes,	$8.00 M

For special orders and for Terms &c., write or call at office of

CREASY & WELLS,

8-24-1y Bloomsburg, Pa.

Printing in Colors.

The prices of colored printing inks have gone down with everything else, and it costs no more to do printing in colors than it does in black. THE COLUMBIAN office is prepared to print in any of the following colors: Black, orange, deep cherry, brown lake, light blue, ultra marine blue, bronze red, violet, dark red, green, jacqueminot, purple, garnet, peacock blue. Printing in more than one color is done at a slight advance for the additional press work. tf.

Calling

your attention to our line of
JEWELRY,
WATCHES,
SILVERWARE,
GLASSES,
ETC.

—::—

We Blow Our Own Horn only to attract your attention. Then we want to invite you to visit us—it is immaterial whether or not you want to purchase anything. We are showing a fine line of silver and glass ware.

—::—

Blowing Your Own Horn is all right when there is no one else to blow it for you. Whoever sells first-class goods at low prices can depend upon his customers to blow his horn for him. This is my policy in the sale of jewelry, watches, silverware glasses, &c.

J. G. WELLS,
BLOOMSBURG, PENNA.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, MAY 31, 1895.

Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa., as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

OUR CLUB OFFERS.

Every subscriber, new or old, who pays one full year in advance, will receive free for one year *The American Farm News.*

THE COLUMBIAN and the *Philadelphia Weekly Times* for one year for $1.40.

THE COLUMBIAN and the *New York World* twice a week, for $1 75. This is a great combination, one of the best we ever offered. The twice a week *World* contains twelve pages of the news of the world. It is the best value ever offered for the money. Try it. tf.

Bellefonte's centennial celebration will begin on June 5th.

Theta Castle K. G. E. are talking of organizing a commandery here.

E. Jacobs & Son have put a telephone in their place of business.

C. B. Robbins' handsome residence on Normal Hill, has been repainted.

Mrs. Finney's house on Third street is in the painter's hands, and will be greatly improved.

Samuel H. Harman has sold his horse to W. H. Slate. It remains under the care of that veteran horseman, Samuel Prentice.

The telephone rates have been reduced, and phones have been placed in quite a number of business places and residences.

It was a hard job to remove the three large pine trees from the front of J. J. Brower's house. Two men were at it several days. It is a great improvement to the property.

A gang of men is at work removing a portion of the embankment at the other end of the river bridge, preparatory to the erection of a new station for the P. R. R.

A photograph in McKillip's show case that attracts much attention is a picture Rev. A. J. McCann's large dog lying down, with a number of little chicks creeping over his fore paws. He is looking at them with an affectionate gaze.

A meeting of young men was held in Y. M. C. A. Hall on Monday evening, for the purpose of effecting the organization of an orchestra. Many of them have been playing for the Y. M. C. A. and have done very well but they want an efficient leader, and expect to secure the services of Mr. F. N. Turner.

James Reilly has added a new chair to his barber shop. It has all the latest improvements in this kind of furniture. He now has three very fine chairs and two assistants and they are all kept busy. His trade has increased since he moved down on the first floor, next to the U. S. Express Office.

Thos. Gorrey has the contract for the erection of Paul E. Wirt's new mansion. He also has the contract for the new tapestry carpet mill, and a brick addition to the carpet mill for an office, 25 by 30 feet, two stories high; also for two houses for J. A. Funston on Reservoir Hill, and a double house for J. E. Wilson on West Main street. He gives employment to a large number of hands.

MUSICAL COLLEGE.—Summer term opens July 22. The object of this school is to furnish instruction to all who take advantage for the least expenditure of money, and will be found equally advantageous to students in every stage of proficiency. For catalogue, address, HENRY B. MOYER, Freeburg, Pa. Director. 5-24-4t.

The ice cream cakes at Bush & Malfiera's have already become very popular.

Several loads of good manure for sale. Inquire at Pursel & Harman's store.

The partnership between W. C. Shaw and John Donahue having been dissolved, all bills of said firm will be settled by W. C. Shaw.

An excellent photograph of the Grimes family in McKillip's show case gives a perfect likeness of every member of the group.

Judge H. M. Hinckley of Danville, will deliver an address on "Good Government" Thursday evening. at Y. M. C. A. Hall. The public is invited.

The Hughesville *Mail* speaks in terms of praise for the representatives of this county in the legislature, Messrs. Fritz and Creasy. All that it says is well deserved.

A game of base ball was played at Athletic Park on Saturday, between nines from the Bloomsburg and Berwick High Schools, resulting in favor of the home team by a score of 11 to 9.

A large audience gathered at the Opera House on Sunday afternoon to attend services preceding Memorial Day. It was expected that the Bishop of the A. M. E. church would preach the sermon, but he did not reach here, and Rev. Mr. Johnson, pastor of the A. M. E. church took his place. The singing was conducted by Fred B. Hartman, and was excellent.

W. A. Hartzell has added another very stylish vehicle to his livery. It is a combination drag, and can be arranged for two or four persons. With his snow white team and handsome harness it makes one of the most stylish turnouts in town. He has also added several new carriages and buggies, and his horses are all safe and sound. A bicycle livery is connected with his establishment in the Exchange Hotel stables.

Mrs. Ellen A. Dayton Blair of Nebraska, a National Woman's Christian Temperance Union, Chalk Talker and Lecturer, will be at Orangeville Monday evening (the 3d) of June, Light Street Tuesday evening (the 4th), Bloomsburg Mission Wednesday evening (5th) Thursday evening (the 6th) in the Presbyterian Church.

Those who want a treat should not fail to be present. She is a juvenile worker but pleases those of larger growth.

A parrot belonging to Mr. George Stephens of the Elevator Co., escaped from its cage on Sunday morning, and flew about town. It spent some time in a tree at Rev. I. M. Patterson's and later on, was seen on the spire of the Presbyterian Church. At night it roosted in a tree at W. G. Yetter's on Fourth street. All efforts to recapture it failed, though it has been around in the trees near home all the time.

As the U. S. Express wagon going to the 10.49 train on Wednesday morning, went over the crossing at First National Bank corner, two crates of eggs bounced out of the rear end of the wagon, and smashed the eggs to smithereens. The driver didn't notice it, and went on down to the station. When agent E. P. Williams came down and saw the fall in eggs, he said very little, but did a heap of thinking.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

I always have bargains in

SECOND HAND BICYCLES.

As well as new ones in stock.

At present I have a fine $150 machine for $75. Another $125 machine [illegible] miles for $40.

[illegible]LANDS, $100 to $125.

LOVELS, $50 to $125.

PEERLESS, $100.

ENVOY, $75.

OPPOSITE POST-OFFICE. W. S. RISHTON.

Twenty-Sixth Annual Convention of the Columbia County Sabbath School Association.

On a bright and beautiful morning, the 23d day of May, the 26th annual convention of the Col. Co. S. S. Association was called to order at 10 o'clock in the Evangelical church at Berwick. The opening devotional exercises were conducted by Rev. Mr. Aurand of the Lutheran church. The report from the State Convention, held in Huntingdon in October last, was presented by the delegate, Miss Powell, and accepted with the thanks of the convention. Mr. A. W. Spear, Statistical Secretary, then gave a review of the work done during the year. He reported that the Executive Committee had visited nineteen districts and about one half the schools in the county. Twenty-five district institutes had been held. The calling of the roll of township presidents followed and it was gratifying to hear so many respond. Some who were necessarily absent sent reports.

The first topic of the program "Temperance in the Sunday School," was called and was responded to by Dr. Andrew Graydon, of Bloomsburg. He said that this is a very difficult subject to teach. It is hard to hold the attention of the pupils to the question. They are so used to seeing drunkenness that they do not regard it as dreadful. Children are more likely to notice the funny antics of a drunken man than to realize the terrible sin he is committing. The Doctor recommends teaching it from a physiological point of view. He has found in his experience that boys are intenseiy interested in the study of human system. A great many persons put forth the argument that beer drinking is a temperance measure and that it is not as injurious to the system as whiskey drinking, but as a physician he denies this assertion, giving his proof. At the end of this very interesting talk the meeting closed with the benediction.

THURSDAY AFTERNOON.

A praise and thanksgiving service conducted by the president Mr. Low, followed the usual song service, after which the various committees were appointed by Mr. Low, namely:

Committee on Nominations:—W. C. Kocher, Dr. Andrew Graydon, J. B. Nuss, J. H. Henrie, R. F. Whitmoyer, Miss Martha Robison, Miss Ella Andrews.

On Place:—John K. Miller, T. D. Robbins, Mrs. Kimble, Miss Sue Dechant.

On Resolutions:—Boyd Trescott, W. H. Brooke, Miss Ida Herring.

The first topic of the afternoon, "How our pastors can promote the County Work" was discussed by Rev. P. A. Heilman. He said that the pastor could promote the county work by taking an active part in the Sunday School. He must realize that the Sunday School is a part of God's great work and attend every Sunday if possible. That the prime object of the Sunday School was to train the children for work in the Church and the pastor should certainly assist in doing this. The second part of the topic "How the County Work helps the pastor," was taken up by Rev. Aaron Bower. He thought that the convention raised up new workers to help the pastor, that the workers gained new ideas on method and work in the school, and that the inspiration received and the manifestation of the Spirit of God could not fail to go with the delegates to their homes and exert an influence that would surely be felt by their pastors.

Rev. C. J. Kephart, State Field Agent, followed with an urgent plea to the delegates to have as complete organization as possible and to go to work systematically to get more of the population into the Sunday School. In our county only 38 per cent. of the population is in the Sunday School. While this is above the average yet an adjoining county has 50.5 of its population attending Sunday School. Our state is somewhat in the rear in Sunday School work and we want to work it up and be one of the banner states in this as we are in many other lines.

Mrs. J. W. Barnes, of Newark, N. J., gave a talk on improvements in Primary Work. She said, "First of all there must be the firm conviction that every little one can be brought to Christ, and then study the lesson to find the way to bring them. The most important thing is prayer. In preparing the lesson ask the questions 'What is this lesson to me. What is this lesson to my class, What is this lesson to each member of my class? The pith and substance of the whole lesson lies in the Golden Text. Center your teaching in this. In teaching little ones teach definitely. Never leave any loose ends in the work. Teaching must be positive. Never say to the little ones "we will not do this," but rather say to them "we will do this." For instance, in teaching the familiar text, "He was despised and rejected of men" do not say to them "We will not despise and reject Him," but rather get them to say "We will love and receive Him" Always a do and never a don't. Use familiar illustrations. Not necessarily oft repeated stories but something that the children can understand and appreciate. Do not use an illustration about the ocean with children who have always lived in the country far away from the sea. They cannot understand it. The best illustrations are those that show most clearly the truth we want to impress. Our ideal illustrations always contain the application." Mrs. Barnes' suggestions should receive the consideration of primary teachers, as she is the successful head of a primary department composed of one hundred children, many of whom are sent from the lowest homes in the tenement districts of the city. This talk brought the session to a close and the audience was dismissed with the benediction.

THURSDAY EVENING SESSION.

The song service began at 7:15, but long before that time, the Methodist Church, which had been chosen for the evening meeting because of its size, was comfortably filled and still people coming from all directions. Every seat was occupied, chairs were brought in and standing room was unavailable so that many were obliged to return to their homes. Rev. Mr. Reeser led in prayer and Mrs. Wilbur's class of little girls gave a drill in Bible work. No one can put on paper the feelings aroused by the wonderful manner in which this class had been trained. To those who have had the good fortune to hear them at some previous time we can say that they have taken up a great deal of new work and did it quite as well as before. To those who have never heard them we can only say that they have missed a good thing.

The venerable Bishop Bowman, of the Methodist Church, then gave a short talk. He spoke in the most interesting way of his visit to the heathen lands and the necessity of taking the Word of God over to the poor creatures. He has spent some time there and on returning, he brought with him to the people of the United States the thanks of those who had been enlightened upon the subject of Christ and His death and resurrection. In speaking of the Sunday School work, in which he always took a lively interest, he said that probably the first Sunday School in Columbia County was started by Mr. Hart, a Presbyterian elder, in the school house in the Pines just below Berwick in 1826. Mrs. Barnes then occupied the time and put into practice the theory she had presented in the afternoon by teaching a class of small children. She taught the lesson of the "Woman of Samaria," and used as the means of illustration a glass of water and a few marks on the board. Before she closed the lesson she had persuaded each little one to say "Give me the water to drink." She says that no one needs to be an artist to illustrate for children because their imagination will picture things very vividly even though they have but a poor representation to begin with. Never say in putting a mark down, "This is a man," but rather "We will make believe this is a man."

The address of the evening "The True Mission of the Sunday School" was delivered by Rev. Mr. Conner, of the Methodist Church, Bloomsburg. He thinks the true mission of the Sunday School is to prepare children to do good and efficient work in the church of Jesus Christ. The teacher must realize that his work is for God; that his commission is from above. If every teacher felt way down in his heart that his opportunity was God given we would have more consecrated devoted workers. Teachers who fail to realize the importance of their work and neglect it for slight causes are doing themselves and pupils a positive injury that can hardly be repaired. The evening session closed with the benediction.

FRIDAY MORNING.

At the close of the song service devotional exercises were conducted by Rev. Mr. Stewart, of Berwick. Mr. H. R. Bower, County Fieldsman, followed with a review of the work. He set forth the advantage of having a fieldsman and gave an encouraging report of the work of the past year. The nominating committee then presented their report stating that they had nominated the following officers for the coming year, which report was accepted and the officers elected by acclamation:

Pres., Myron I. Low, Lime Ridge.

Vice Presidents. W. H. Brook, Bloomsburg; Rev. A. Houtz, Orangeville and Isaiah Bower, Berwick.

Recording Secretaries, Miss Eva Rupert, Bloomsburg and Miss Martha Powell, Bloomsburg.

Statistical Secretary, A. W. Spear, Cabin Run.

Treasurer, Mrs. Anna McHenry, Stillwater.

Delegates to State Convention, Miss Ida Herring, Boyd Trescott, Miss Sue Dechant, F. B. Hartman, A. U. Lesher, E. H. Latish, J. C. Creveling, W. C. Thomas, A. A. Pealer and J. B. Nuss.

Open Parliament, Mistakes. 1st mistakes of Superintendents as seen by teachers, 2nd, Mistakes of teachers as seen by superintendents; 3rd, Mistakes in the school as seen by the advanced scholars.

Some mistakes of superintendents are that they do not begin promptly and end promptly. They fail to see the value of time and do not keep the thing moving from beginning to end. Superintendents talk their school to death. They appoint teachers who are irregular in attendance. They close their schools during the winter. They fail to attend the County Convention.

Mistakes of teachers. They are not present on time; they do not prepare the lesson; they do not visit the children who are absent; stick too closely to the questions in the lesson helps, they try to entertain and not teach, they do not adapt their teaching to the needs and capacity of the pupils. These criticisms were presented by many different persons and were all given in the kindest spirit. Prof. C. H. Albert, who presided as critic, in reviewing the work said, "If you were allowed to make an investment to-day what would you invest in? Would it be coal land, stocks, real estate? The best investment I know of is a human soul. If God should grant that I should be the means of saving one soul I would be content. To this end, the salvation of souls, put forth your best efforts. Teach simply. Christ spoke to fishermen about boats, nets and fishes, to farmers about seed, the good ground, the stony ground. Teach earnestly and prayerfully. Feel your responsibility." In speaking on "How to improve the Sunday Schools," Prof. L. F. Bower, of Carlisle, impressed upon the workers the necessity of realizing that improvement in the Sunday Schools depends upon the individual effort of each member, and in no other way can a school succeed except by personal work and effort.

Rev. Mr. Kephart gave a normal lesson on the "Preparation of the Lesson." He said "Study the lesson, 1st To get a thorough knowledge of the Bible, 2nd To be able to prepare the line of approach, 3rd To be able to press upon each pupil personally the important truth of the lesson. Meeting closed with prayer and benediction.

FRIDAY AFTERNOON.

Song service was followed with a Bible Reading by Mrs. T. L. Tomkinson, of Berwick. Roll call of schools in the county followed and delegates responded with the number of delegates and contribution to the county work. There were 83 schools represented by 180 delegates.

Mrs. Barnes then answered a few questions, in doing which she said, "Do not call the primary department the infant class. It hurts the feelings of the little ones. It is not necessary to make social distinctions in the primary department.

Mr. A. W. Spear, in speaking of Bible study, set forth the advantages of studying it systematically and urged upon those present the advisability of joining the young peoples Bible Reading Union and following out the plan given by them.

Miss Eva Rupert, of Bloomsburg, took up the topic "The Home Department." In her talk she said that since Moses considered it necessary to teach all the people, and Christ taught all classes irrespective of race, age or intelligence, why should not we teach all, not forgetting those who are unable to come to the Sunday school. In this class we have invalids, the infirm, the mothers, or any who for any reason are unable to get out to the regular meeting of the Sunday School. The home department provides especially for this work. Any one who will receive the quarterly lesson help and will promise to study the lesson one-half hour each week can be a member. They have a teacher who calls occasionally to take their report. In this way persons may be brought to a knowledge of the Bible that they would not get, and many who spend the precious time on Sunday reading the Sunday newspapers might be induced to study the word of God instead.

CONTINUED ON EIGHTH PAGE.

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE OLD RELIABLE

SWEET CAPORAL CIGARETTE

Has stood the Test of Time

MORE SOLD THAN ALL OTHER BRANDS COMBINED

19-8-1y. K. & Co.

KEEP YOUR EYE ON US.

We are continually introducing new ideas, new goods, new styles, new prices. This week we are showing a choice line of wash dress goods, wrappers, capes, silks, hosiery, underwear, &c.

Women's Wrappers.

Better than you think possible at 75c. Just as surprisingly good every price step above.
Wrappers of standard chintz, ruffle around yoke, large sleeves, 75c.
Wrappers of standard Idigo chintz, plain color, ruffle around yoke, braid trimmed, $1.15.

Capes, Suits and Skirts.

Summer is almost here—here are the clothes to suit every mood.
A few black capes, embroidered at $3.00 to close.
" " " " ribbon trimmed at $4.00 to close.
" " children's coats, at $1.00 to close.
Fine serge suits, black and navy at $10.00.
Fine moire separate skirts.
Figured mohair skirts at $5.00.
Plain Henrietta skirts at $1.75.

Imported Dimities.

All the season's choicest patterns. Real idea dimities, beautiful sheer materials, 30 in. wide, 22c. yd.
Domestic dimities. A full line, 12½c. the yd.

Silks.

Full lines to-day of all the latest. Wash silk, 35c.
See the 50 and 55c. silks.

Hosiery and Underwear.

Don't waste a thought on qualities or prices—they are right or they wouldn't be here.

Women's lisle thread vests, ribbon trimmed, no sleeves, 29c.
Women's ecru vests, half sleeves, 2 for 25c.
Women's long sleeve, ribbed vests, 19c.
Ladies' high spliced heel and toes, black hose, 25c.
Ladies' black ribbed top ingrain hose, 35c. 3 for $1.00.
Children's bicycle hose, all sizes, 6 to 9½ at 20c.
Men's "byke" hose, extra heavy, 25c.
Men's gauze shirts and pants, 25c.

Small Wares.

Sterling silver, belt buckles, $1.00.
White metal belt buckles, 20c. up.
Black silk belting, 25c. up.
Belt pins, 2c. up.
Shirt waist belts, 10c. up.
3 cakes toilet soap, 13c.
Silk belts and buckles, 25c.
Summer corsets, 47c.
Special sale of a $1.00 kid glove for one week at 65c. the pair.

H. J. CLARK & SON.

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MARKET SQUARE DRY GOODS HOUSE.

We have always relied on the quality of our goods (and prices) for customers.

Whilst we deal in low prices on many articles, our object has been to furnish good goods. Turn to the article of capes and jackets, which we are now closing out at cut prices, yet they are all good and new styles. Then turn to wool, half wool, and wash dress goods. They are selected with great care as to quality and prices. Our linen goods have always brought us a good trade. The chenille goods we handle are bought from first hands No two profits to be added. The silverware and all kinds of plated goods we buy of the manufacturer. So you see close cutting has and will be our style of trade.

I. W. HARTMAN & SON.

SOUND-MONEY RESOLUTIONS.

THE PLATFORM ADOPTED BY THE MEMPHIS CONVENTION.

MEMPHIS, TENN., May 23.

When the evening session of the Sound-Money Convention opened at 8.30, Judge Rose, of Arkansas, chairman of the committee, submitted the following platform resolutions:

The people of the Southern States believe the maintenance of a sound and stable currency to be essential to the prosperity of the whole country and the welfare of the people in all the vocations of life, do, through their representatives in convention assembled at Memphis, on May 23, 1895, make the following declaration of their matured convictions:

1. Believing a uniform and certain standard of value necessary to the agricultural, commercial and industrial development and prosperity of our common country, we favor the maintenance of all our money, whether gold, silver or paper, on a parity, to the end that each dollar, whatever may be its composition, shall have equal purchasing and debt-paying power with every other dollar.

2. Profiting by the experience of Washington, Jefferson and Hamilton and the teachings of the great students of monetary science from the time when John Locke wrote, to the discussion of the present day, we accept the truth of the principle, now universally recognized and applied in the commercial world, that the bimetallic standard cannot be maintained where the ratio fixed by law for the free coinage of gold and silver does not correspond with the market ratio of the two metals; and that wherever and whenever the legal or coinage ratio varies from the market or commercial ratio to any appreciable extent the dollar, whether of gold or silver (which thereby becomes more valuable as bullion than as money), will go to a premium and retire from circulation. We saw this principle applied in our own national experience, when under the act of 1792, which fixed the coinage ratio at 15 to 1, gold retired from circulation because of a slight decline in the price of silver in the open market, whereby the bullion in a gold dollar became worth a few cents more than the bullion in a silver dollar, and was therefore sold as a commodity because it was worth more as bullion than as money, and again under the act of 1834, which fixed the ratio at 16 to 1, when the silver coin retired for a like reason. We are, therefore, opposed to the free, unlimited and independent coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 when the market or commercial ratio is more than 30 to 1, and the difference between the bullion value of a gold and a silver dollar is about 50 cents, on the ground that such action, instead of restoring the bimetallic standard, would inevitably result in silver monometallism.

3. At this time there is no country in the world which maintains the bimetallic standard, and neither is there any country where the free coinage of silver obtains which is not on a silver basis. Each country on account of its inability to adopt independently any bimetallic standard must elect for itself which it prefers, the gold or the silver standard. We, therefore, favor, in the absence of international co-operation, the retention and maintenance of the existing gold standard, because a change from the gold to the silver standard would have the effect to repudiate all public and private obligations to the extent of the difference between the bullion value of the gold and silver dollars; because whenever such change should be seriously threatened it would cause an immediate attempt at a collection and liquidation of all debts in anticipation of the result it would produce; because such transition from the gold to the silver basis would destroy public and private confidence and would involve the country in such panic, confusion and distress that the products of agriculture and the wages of labor would be unremunerative; the business of commerce would become unprofitable and our people engaged in industrial occupations would be thrown out of employment; because there is not a progressive and enlightened country in the world which has not elected gold as the preferable standard; because gold-standard countries retain silver in their circulation on a parity with gold, whereas there is no silver-standard country which does or can utilize gold as money, because there is not a silver country on the globe where the wages of labor are sufficient to sustain the working classes in comfort and independence; and finally because the high destiny of the United States demand for the use of the American people that money which experience has taught mankind to be the best suited for the promotion of commerce, the development of manufactories, the encouragement of labor and the advancement of civilization.

4.—We would rejoice over the adoption of real bimetallism, but, in view of the continued fluctuations of the price of silver in the open market, we realize that it is impossible for the United States independently to adopt a bimetallic standard, and we deem it unwise and hazardous to the best interests of its people for this county to attempt its establishment. We favor the policy of this country standing in the attitude of readiness at all times to co-operate with the other Powers in any effort they may inaugurate looking to the adoption of true bimetallism,; but in the meantime, and until successful co operation is insured, to maintain inviolate its existing standard of value.

5. We favor the retention at part of our money of the silver now coined, and, in order to give a wider field for the use of silver, we favor the funding of all money other than silver and silver certificates before the denomination of ten dollars into higher denominations, so as to make our entire circulation, below the denomination of ten dollars, either silver or silver certificates; and to this end, the Secretary of the Treasury should be authorized by law to coin from time to time, as the people may require them, silver dollars until the demands of commerce for money below the denomination of ten dollars is at all times satisfied.

6. We realize that our national banking system was adopted during a time of war and that it is not adapted to existing conditions. We, therefore, favor such legislation as will secure to the people a system of banking surrounded by such safeguards as will at all times furnish them a safe, elastic, sufficient currency for the transaction of their business.

7. We cannot too highly commend the unflagging courage and sturdy patriotism of President Cleveland in his efforts to protect the national honor and to maintain the public credit during a period of great financial distress and under conditions which threatened danger to both. We congratulate him and the entire country on the evidences of returning prosperity.

The resolutions were read with deliberation and intently followed by the convention, and each was applauded until the reference to President Cleveland was reached. Then there was a succession of cheers and a Mississippi delegate yelled: "Read it again." The demand was complied with, and there was more enthusiasm.

When the vote was taken the resolutions were adopted without discussion and with a shout. Not a voice was heard in the negative.

Then resolutions were adopted giving hearty indorsement to the work of the reform committee on sound money of New York, and also urging the formation of sound money leagues and clubs throughout the South, and, after a farewell address from Congressman Patterson, the convention adjourned sine die.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

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Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

NO APPORTIONMENT.

ALL THE BILLS KILLED—THREE IN THE HOUSE, ONE IN THE SENATE.

The Legislature defeated all of the apportionment bills. In the House the Congressional, Senatorial and Legislative bills were remorselessly slaughtered, and the Senate took up the knife and killed the judicial bill. There was great surprise expressed over this action of the two bodies. Last week the House by an overwhelming vote expressed its desire to reapportion the State, and the great change of sentiment will surely have to be explained to their constituents when the legislators return home.

Among those who profess to know it is said that the control of the delegates from Philadelphia to the National Republican Convention is at the bottom of the whole matter. They say that under the present apportionment Senator Quay will control a part of the delegates, but under the measures defeated he would have absolutely no control in Philadelphia. It was also asserted by the political "knowalls" that the lining up in the House against these bills was for the purpose of showing the strength of the Quay-Penrose following in that body.

Are you ever Annoyed

by a buzzing or roaring sound in your head? Have you difficulty in hearing distinctly? Are you troubled with a continual dropping of mucus, irritating the throat and causing you to cough? Is your breath unpleasantly affected and accompanied with bad taste? Is your hearing less acute? If so, you have catarrh and should at once procure a bottle of Ely's Cream Balm, the best known remedy. The Balm will give instant relief.

Calamity Howlers to the Rear.

The mission of the calamity howlers is about ended. He has had a free field during the last two years. From causes entirely beyond the control of the present administration there was serious financial and industrial revulsion, and he has contributed largely to the general distress of the people. The partisan howler who has spoken through the columns of nearly every partisan organ, has systematically and persistently played upon public distrust, and greatly aggravated the sorrows which fell upon the people, not only of this country but of every civilized country of the world, because of the general industrial depression.

The United States was the last to feel the general revulsion in industry and trade that prevailed throughout other countries, and it is the first to recover from the blow. Our vast and varied resources with the wonderful adaptability of our people, have hastened the return of prosperity; and to-day nearly every leading industry of the land has restored the reduced wages of panic times, and industry is vastly better rewarded than it was under the monopoly McKinly tariff that taxed the necessaries of life without increasing the pay of workingmen.

The fact that Mr. Dolan and Mr. Disston of this city, the two leading manufacturers in their respective lines, have each restored wages to the highest point paid under the McKinley bill, is conclusive evidence that it was not the tariff that paralyzed business and compelled reduced pay for labor. Each of them contributed liberally to secure the McKinley tariff, and again contributed liberally to maintain it, but to day they confess that the tariff has not affected wages, by restoring to their labor the full wages paid under the McKinley tariff.

The general depression that prevailed during the last two years was the result of causes which are gradually becoming understood. Our financial complications were the origin of the trouble, and every financial measure that aided in producing the financial revulsion was enacted under the political authority that turned into organized calamity howlers when it was defeated in 1892. Every depression of industry and trade was imputed to the prospective repeal of the McKinley tariff, and now with the best tariff the country has ever had since the war, the calamity howlers are compelled to confess its wisdom and restore wages to labor.

Under the McKinley bill there was not a single industrial establishment that we can recall whose labor received increased wages, while hundreds of employers reduced the wages of labor under that tariff. To day signs of prosperity are visible on every side; general confidence in finance, industry and trade is rapidly being restored, and before another year shall have passed, Philadelphia industries will be more prosperous than they have ever been since the war, unless there shall be fresh disturbance by the destruction of national credit and the success of the free silver craze.

One of the grandest results of the overthrow of the calamity howler in industrial and trade circles is in the fact that as prosperity is diffused amongst the people the free silver fanatics will be speedily lessened in number, and made utterly impotent if one year of prosperity can be attained. The calamity howler has been sent to the rear; the free silver demagogues must follow, and in a little time we shall have established honest money, absolute credit and general prosperity.—*Times.*

TO THE WORLD OF WOMEN.

Weak, nervous, delicate, overworked women need a strength builder, a tonic for their nerves, and a cure for that awful internal trouble that is wearing out their lives. Thousands of women have found such in Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. Mrs. Christiana Beal, of Jonesport, Me., writes that her daughter had been a great sufferer from female trouble, and after repeated trials of doctor's prescriptions and other so called cures, all of which gave no relief, she used Favorite Remedy and it permanently cured her.

If you have headache, uterine catarrh, irregular menstruation, leucorrhœa or irregular monthly periods, sickness incidental to change of life, or any of the attending evils that are present in female complaints, use Favorite Remedy; it will build up quickly the run down constitution, dispel those tired looks and feelings, restore the nervous system and permanently cure you. Our daughters grow up weak and delicate; mothers can avoid such conditions by giving them Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. 2t.

Fashionable Tailor—"Go front at once. Two young clerks there after suits."

New Man (whispering)—"I'm waiting on a millionaire."

Fashionable Tailor—"Leave him and attend to the clerks. These millionaires don't buy new clothes once in five years. A clerk is good for a fresh suit every three months.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE BIBLE IN THE SCHOOLS.

AN EFFORT MADE TO HAVE THE READING OF IT DISCONTINUED—THE CASE IN THE COURTS.

SCRANTON, Pa, May 23.

The Waverly borough school case, in which George E. Stevenson, Andrew Mahoney and D. L. Stone seek to prevent the reading of the Bible in the public schools, occupied the entire day in Equity Court here to-day. After all the morning had been consumed in the introduction of testimony, it was agreed that the fact that the Bible was read in the school was undisputed, and that the case should be disposed of upon the arguments

The attorneys engaged in the case are among the most talented of the Lackawanna county bar. Ex-District Attorney John P. Kelly and Edward C. Newcomb appear for the plaintiff, and H. M. Hannah, A. D. Dean and Hulslander and Vosburg for the School Board. Only two arguments were heard to-day, both for the School Board. Attorneys A. A. Vosburg and H. M. Hannah contended that the Bible was not a sectarian book; that this case was practically decided in Maine, Illinois, Iowa, Ohio and Massachusetts, where the Bible was said to be not sectarian and that Christianity having been declared a part of the common law of Pennsylvania by the Supreme Court, then the Bible is also a part of the common law, as it is the base upon which Christianity rests.

Mr. Hannah argued that the fact that the Bible had been read in the public schools of this State for two hundred years without opposition was a part of the history of the State and if it was opposed to the law and the Constitution he thought it peculiar that it had not been stopped by the able lawyers of the State within that time.

The Genuine Merit

Of Hood's Sarsaparilla wins friends wherever it is fairly and honestly tried. To have perfect health, you must have pure blood, and the best way to have pure blood is to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, the best blood purifier and strength builder. It expels all taint of scrofula, salt rheum and all other humors, and at the same time builds up the whole system.

Hood's Pills are prompt and efficient. 25c.

FOUND LACKING IN AREA.

GROW COUNTY FAILS FOR WANT OF THE 400 SQUARE MILES.

The Grow county commissioners, Messrs. Harvey, Wheelock and Snyder, filed their report with the Secretary of Internal Affairs Monday afternoon. The report shows that the proposed county would have 381 square miles on a limit of ten miles from the court house and 323 miles taking the city limits of Wilkes Barre as the starting point. The Luzerne County Commissioners filed an objection to the survey beginning at the court house and the attorney general gave a decision that the county seat meant the place in which the court house is located and not the court house itself. Grow county fails therefore for want of territory. being 10 miles short on one survey and 77 on the other. The expenses of the commissioners will not exceed $3,000 which are paid by the State.

The existing maps upon which an estimate of the area was made were proven entirely unreliable. In two townships on the East side, Dorrance and Dennison, thirty four square miles were lost to the new county, the actual survey showing these townships to be that much closer the county seat than they are marked on the map.

Not a few believe there is an African concealed somewhere in the wood pile and declare they will turn in and help the Quay county boomers get their county. What more sober thought will develope time will tell. —*Echo.*

"Grin Like a Cheshire Cat."

"Well, well! Didn't ever hear of a 'grin like a Cheshire cat?' Why, you see, a man down in Cheshire had a cat which grinned and grinned until there was nothing left of the cat but the grin, just as some scrofulous people, who don't know of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, get a cough, and then cough and cough until there is nothing left of them to erect a monument to but the cough."

The "Golden Medical Discovery" is the most effective, anti-bilious, anti-dyspeptic, strength-giving remedy extant. For weak lungs, lingering coughs, spitting of blood, scrofula, sores, pimples and ulcers, it is a wonderful and efficacious remedy. Send 6 cents in stamps for a Book (160 pages) on these diseases and their cure. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure constipation, piles, sick headache, and indigestion, or dyspepsia.

A Minister's Experience With Heart Disease.

Rev. L. W. Showers, Elderton, Pa.: "For many years my greatest enemy has been organic heart disease. From uneasiness about the heart, with palpitation, it had developed into thumping, fluttering, and choking sensations. Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart gave instant relief. A few bottles have rid me of almost every symptom of heart disease. It is a wonder-worker." Sold by Wm. S. Rishton. 6-15-1y.

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G.G.—Miscarriage, Hemorrhages.
H.H.—Urinary and Kidney Diseases.
I.I.—Eruptive Diseases, Mange.
J.K.—Diseases of Digestion, Paralysis.

Single Bottle (over 50 doses), - - .60
Stable Case, with Specifics, Manual, Veterinary Cure Oil and Medicator, $7.00
Jar Veterinary Cure Oil, - - 1.00

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In use 30 years. The only successful remedy for Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness, and Prostration, from over-work or other causes. $1 per vial, or 5 vials and large vial powder, for $5. Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price.
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I IS NATURE'S OWN TONIC. Stimulates the appetite and produces refreshing sleep.
GIVES VITAL STRENGTH TO NURSING MOTHERS.
R Checks wasting diseases, stops night sweats, cures incipient consumption.
O Increases strength and flesh.
N MAKES RED, RICH BLOOD, Promotes healthy lung tissue.
Will give the pale and puny the rosy cheeks of youth.
CURES ALL FEMALE COMPLAINTS.
Makes strong men and women of weaklings.

GILMORE'S IRON TONIC PILLS

Cure all Wasting Diseases and their sequences,

BRONCHITIS, CONSUMPTION, &c.

They are neither styptic nor caustic. They have no coagulating effect on the contents of the stomach or its lining; consequently do not hurt the teeth or cause constipation or diarrhœa, as do the usual forms of Iron. 10 days treatment 50c, pamphlet free. If not kept by your druggist, address

GILMORE & CO., CINCINNATI. O.

For sale in Bloomsburg, Pa., by MOYER BROS., Druggists. 1-25 1y

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

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ARE YOU CONSUMPTIVE

Use Parker's Ginger Tonic. It cures the worst Cough, Weak Lungs, Debility, Indigestion, Pain. Take in time. 50 cts.

HINDERCORNS. The only sure cure for Corns. Stops all pain. 15c. at Druggists, or HISCOX & CO., N. Y.

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ELY'S CREAM BALM is quickly absorbed. Cleans the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores. Restores the Sense of Taste and smell.

CATARRH

COLD IN HEAD

IT WILL CURE. A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists; by mail registered, 60 cts. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., N.Y.

MEN WANTED. In your vicinity, to solicit orders for our Choice Nursery Stock We will pay a salary or commission, and furnish an outfit free. We are assigning territory now for Fall of '95. Write at once for terms and particulars to THE GUANANTEE NURSERY CO., GENEVA, N. Y. 4-12-8w-d

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If it's anything needed in a schoolroom we have it. We are Headquarters for Blackboards, Desks and Seats, Crayons and Erasers, Maps and Globes, Inks and Information. What we tell you, you can depend on. Everything we sell you is guaranteed. We do business on the "money-back" plan, and we do more business than any other house in our line. We want everybody interested in school work to have our catalogue, so we can do still more business. Catalogues free.

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It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men regain lost manhood; old men recover youthful vigor. **Absolutely Guaranteed to cure Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, either sex, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self abuse or excesses and indiscretion.** Wards off insanity and consumption. Don't let druggists impose a worthless substitute on you because it yields a greater profit. Insist on having **PEFFER'S NERVIGOR**, or send for it. Can be carried in vest pocket. Prepaid, plain wrapper, **$1** per box, or **6** for **$5**, with **A Positive Written Guarantee to Cure or Refund the Money.** Pamphlet free. Sold by druggists. Address **PEFFER MEDICAL ASS'N, Chicago, Ill.**

Sold by G. P. RINGLER.

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C. A. SNOW & CO., Washington, D. C.
(Opposite U. S. Patent Office.)

THE DAIRY.

A balanced ration is one in which the different necessary elements of food are equally present. Properly it is made up of five pounds of starch and one of protein. The former is best found in bright corn fodder and good clover hay, and the protein in bran and oil meal, though it is obtained in oats, peas, cottonseed meal and the like.

When men who have spent their years in investigation confess that milk is to-day a great mystery to them, what must it be to the man who has never given it an hour's study or reading in his life? There are many little secrets being ferreted out of which the world is contemptuous, and it is these little things that it will pay to read about and acquire.

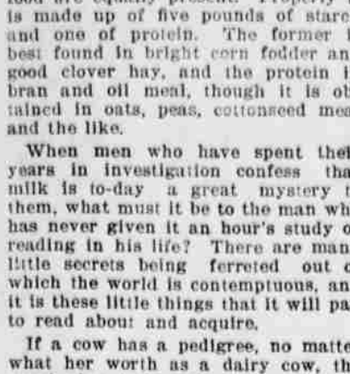
If a cow has a pedigree, no matter what her worth as a dairy cow, the usual plan is to raise calves for the purpose of keeping up the numbers of the breed without any regard to excelence, but the whole matter of breeding should be governed by the excellence of the parents, and the pedigree used only to keep track of the family.

Fodder can be as truly wasted when put in the stomach as when trodden under foot. Unhoused cattle have a continuous battle for comfort, and all their stuffing of food shows no result, for the reason that it is used wholly in keeping life. Moreover, they are stunted by their stay at this unthrifty stage, and will never show as good results afterward.

NAILLESS HORSE SHOE.

It is Clamped to the Hoof and Always Readily Removed.

A horse shoe held to the foot absolutely without the use of nails has been invented by Harry D. Shaiffer, of Philadelphia. As a new idea in a problem which many have made the attempt to solve, it is worthy of in-



vestigation. The shoe is made in two parts, hinged under the frog. Behind and under the toe is a set screw which holds the two halves together, clamping them firmly around the hoof and yet allowing room sufficient for the spread of the hoof. If desired these shoes can be taken off every night and replaced next day.

Stored Substances in Soil.

Only the surface of the earth is cultivated and used for growing crops, and the food of plants is derived according to the depth to which the plow reaches. Nevertheless, there is untold wealth beneath the surface, and which is just as valuable as that nearer the top, if it could be reached and made available for crops. The vast stores of mineral matter in the lower, or sub-soil, portions are insoluble, but are capable of being rendered available if not too far down in the earth. If the farmer can bring some of this mineral matter to the surface he will, of course, really add nothing to his land, but he will draw on a deposit which is remaining idle, and which should be put to some use, instead of remaining dormant. The plow cannot reach it, nor can he remove the top soil and grow his crops in the next layer. The wealth beneath his feet is as great as that in the mines, and must be reached in some manner, or it will avail him nothing. Yet it is not difficult to secure a large portion of it if he will use the proper agents of nature for so doing.

Of the principal substances—nitrogen, phosphoric acid and potash—the first is mostly derived from the air, though it exists in the soil also, but the phosphoric acid and potash, being inorganic substances, must come from the soil. When a crop of clover is grown on the land the roots extend to a great depth, exert a chemical effect down in the sub-soil and store mineral matter in the plants. The nitrogen is mostly derived from the air, either in the form of ammonia or nitric acid, or by the use of the free nitrogen of the atmosphere, but the mineral matter comes from below. That the clover plant, though highly nitrogenous, does not derive but a portion of its nitrogen from the soil, has been demonstrated by the fact that applications of nitrogenous fertilizers exert but little influence upon such a crop, while mineral fertilizers rapidly promote its growth. The conclusion is reached, therefore, that if mineral matter is lacking in the upper soil, the roots of the plants, which penetrate to a great depth, bring it up from below, and deposit it in the plants. When a crop is plowed under this mineral matter is transferred to the surface.

It is in the storage of nitrogen to the land that clover is so valuable, however, and an application of mineral fertilizers enables it to appropriate a larger proportion of nitrogen by increasing the weight of the stalks and leaves. But, when it is considered that clover works from the air and from below the surface, its value as a renovator of the soil cannot well be estimated, unless the capacity of the soil itself is understood. Clover is not alone a source for obtaining such results, as nearly all plants can be of service to some exteat, but clover is considered superior to all others. The farmer, while buying fertilizers and applying manures, should also use the natural agents at his command for drawing upon the air and the lower store houses down below the soil and thus add fertility to his farm and increase his profits.

Sealed to Sight.

Man has never seen the inside of some of the Egyptian pyramids since they were first built, so far as is known.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

FOUND HER CUT AT LAST.

When Mrs. B.'s Cat Was Let Out of the Bag It Did Some Scratching.

Mrs. B. was summoned to the door one morning by an old-clothes man, but she resolutely told him that she had nothing for him, until he took out an old chamois-skin purse, and opening it said:

"Look, lady, I gif you gold for any old tings what you got to sell."

That was too much temptation, and soon she had the contents of her wardrobe spread out for his inspection. Her heart misgave her, though, for her husband had positively forbidden her ever to sell any of her old clothes. She only hoped he would never find out, and with the money she could buy such fine new ones.

There was one gown that she did hesitate to part with. It was a flowered teagown with a big bow at the side and long sash ends of gorgeous ribbon, and Mr. B. particularly liked that dress because she had served afternoon tea in it for him often during their engagement. However, the man offered a good price for it, and it went with the rest.

When Mr. B. came home in the evening his wife had a guilty look as if something lay on her conscience. But she ascribed it to a headache, and the old-clothes deal remained a profound secret.

A week or two later Mrs. B. asked her husband to do the marketing. She usually attended to this herself, but was going to have company and could not spare the time.

Mr. B. accordingly took the market basket on his arm and went from stall to stall purchasing supplies, when suddenly he saw his wife standing near him haggling over some vegetables.

"Great Scott!" he said under his breath; "and in that tea gown, too. I wonder what next?"

He stepped up to her and gave her a vigorous rap on the back.

The next moment he saw moons and stars. Whack! whack! whack! came the blows from a cast-iron fist, and a shrill voice screamed in his ear:

"You impudent wretch, I'll teach you you to know a lady when you see one! Take that, and that, and that!"

He escaped with his life and hurried home for repairs. The cat was out of the bag, and it had scratched him severely, but never, never again will Mrs. B. sell any of her old clothes.—Detroit Free Press.

The German View.

Yonker—Say, poys, dat Bismarck was ein great man, nicht?

The Others—Yah, yah!

Yonker—He trinks more beer as any man in der world. Yah, he was ein great man.

The Others—Yah, dot ist so.

Cut a 3,000-Mile Swath.

After eighteen years' continuous service with a railway company a passenger conductor of Chicago has been "let out." The circumstances leading up to his discharge by the company are of a kind calculated to arouse the wrath of railway employees, although the ex-conductor himself accepts the dismissal good-naturedly. "He was not the one," as the comic song has it.

Not long ago a tall, emaciated man travelled from New York almost to San Francisco without paying fare. He introduced himself to the conductor running west from New York as an ex-conductor, and said he had very little money, but that he hoped to get to California, where he believed his life could be prolonged.

He said he was suffering from consumption, and his appearance bore out the story. He showed a knowledge of railway business, and the conductor believed the story. He was "deadheaded" to the end of the first run, and the first conductor was good enough to "fix it" with the conductor who came to take his place. He reached Chicago and proceeded westward on one of the well-known lines. The Chicago conductor had been informed of the facts in the case and consented to carry the sick man even though it was a violation of the rules.

Within two weeks after he had been so obliging he received his peremptory discharge. Upon investigation he learned that every conductor who out of the goodness of his heart, helped along the broken-down railroad man had been discharged. The consumptive was a "spotter."

It is said that in his entire journey from New York to San Francisco only one conductor remained unaffected by his piteous story. This was the conductor on the last run, ending at San Francisco, and he alone retains a job.—Chicago Record.

He Will Be an Innocent Thing.

The sun beat hotly upon the parched earth.

"Oh, I see," he exclaimed, joyously, trying to hit the woman with the bat, "Oh, dear, why doesn't she run the other way? Are those women out yonder the bases? How stupid in me! You told me that before, didn't you? Is our side going out without a run? Isn't that lovely, after the other side had to run so much?"

Thus the pretty young man with the blue veil prattled on and on, seemingly oblivious that the tall lady in the checked suit sat silent and preoccupied beside him.—Detroit Tribune.

Never Too Old.

Senator Cushman K. Davis, of Minnesota, agrees with Governor Levi P. Morton that a statesman of seventy-five years is not too old to aspire to the Presidency. "If you want to know when darkies cease to love," said Aunt Chloe, "you must ax somebody older than I is."—Boston Herald.

RECEIVER'S SALE

—OF VALUABLE—

REAL ESTATE.

Pursuant to an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, the undersigned Receiver of the Bloomsburg Iron Co., will sell at public sale on the premises at Irondale, in the Town of Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pa., on

SATURDAY, JUNE 15, 1895,

at 1:30 o'clock P. M., the entire Furnace Plant of the Bloomsburg Iron Co., with its water power and water rights, known as "Irondale" and bounded and described as follows:

Situate in the Town of Bloomsburg, county of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a stone in line of land of the Bloomsburg Water Company and the most northerly corner to land of the Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad Company, thence by land of said Railroad Company south 59¾ degrees east, four and thirty-five one hundredths perches to a corner, thence by land of Rosemont Cemetery Company, north 35 degrees east, eleven perches, thence north 8¼ degrees east, six and twenty-four one-hundredths perches to a corner of land of Mrs. C. R. Richart, thence along the same North 2 degrees West, six and six one-hundredths perches, thence north 16 degrees west, five and fifteen one-hundredths perches to a stone, thence south 78¾ degrees east, five and seventy-six one-hundredths perches, thence north 76¾ degrees east, one and seven-tenths perches to a corner in middle of the public road leading from Bloomsburg to Millville and a corner of land heretofore sold to Mathias Shaffer, thence along said land north 8¼ degrees west eight perches, thence north 56 degrees west eight perches, thence north 58 degrees west, fourteen perches, thence north 24 degrees west twenty-nine and four-tenths perches, thence north 66 degrees east four perches, thence north 24 degrees west, nine perches, thence south 66 degrees west four perches, thence north 35¾ degrees west, sixty perches, thence North 31 degrees west thirty-eight and eight-tenths perches, thence by land now of Barton Shaffer south 58¾ degrees west twenty-eight and two-tenths perches to a post on the east bank of head race, thence along said race and by lands of Barton Shaffer north 43¾ degrees west nineteen and one-tenth perches to a water birch, thence north 36½ degrees west nine and four-tenths perches to a willow, thence north 65¾ degrees west eight and seven-tenths perches to a post, thence north 47½ degrees west twelve and seven-tenths perches to a sycamore, thence north 35¾ degrees west nine and two-tenths perches to a white pine, thence north 48¼ degrees west six and four-tenths perches to a post, thence north 68¼ degrees west five perches to a water birch, thence north 39 degrees west sixteen and three-tenths perches to a white oak, thence north twenty-four and three-fourths degrees west nine and eight-tenths perches to a horn beam, thence north 10¾ degrees west eleven and six-tenths perches to a water birch, thence north 4¾ degrees west, nine and six-tenths perches to a maple, thence north 33¼ degrees east three and nine-tenths perches to a pine, thence north 44 degrees east ten and six-tenths perches to a pine, thence north 35¾ degrees east eight and three-tenths perches to an iron bar, a corner to land of Simon C. Shaffer, thence crossing said head race north 60⅝ degrees west six perches to a point in land of E. W. M. Low, thence by the same south 29¼ degrees west, twenty-eight and five-tenths perches to a post at east rail of the Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad, thence north 57 degrees west forty-three perches, thence south 60 degrees west sixteen perches to corner of F. P. Drinker, thence south 33 degrees east twenty-six and four-tenths perches, thence south 30¾ degrees east thirty-four and six-tenths perches, thence south 13¾ degrees east seventy and seven-tenths perches, thence south 44⅛ degrees east fifty-four and seven-tenths perches, thence south 57¼ degrees east seventy-four perches, thence south 36¼ degrees east nineteen and five-tenths perches, thence south 28¼ degrees east, forty-four and two-tenths perches, thence south 2¾ degrees west twelve and seven-tenths perches, thence south 43¾ degrees west forty-two and three-tenths perches, thence south 29 degrees east three perches, thence north 87½ degrees east ten and five-tenths perches, thence north 55½ degrees east one and one-half perches, thence north 19 degrees west two perches, thence north 51¾ degrees east nineteen and one-tenth perches, thence north 47½ degrees east six perches, thence north 45 degrees east twenty-seven perches, thence north 30 degrees 25 minutes east twenty-two and three-tenths perches, thence by lands of Bloomsburg Water Company south 8½ degrees west eight perches, thence north 23½ degrees west seven and one-tenth perches, thence north 34¾ degrees west twenty four and four-tenths perches, thence north 60 degrees east seventeen perches to right-of-way of Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad Company, thence along same and parallel therewith a distance of forty perches, more or less, thence south 88¼ degrees east two and seven-tenths perches to place of beginning, containing

100 ACRES, more or less.

Together with the right to all the water power and water rights, privileges and appurtenances upon and over each of the several premises heretofore conveyed by the said The Bloomsburg Iron Company and reserved thereout for the uses and purposes therein mentioned and intended and the right of maintaining and continuing the dam heretofore erected for the use of the furnace of the said The Bloomsburg Iron Company where the same is now erected and constructed and the rights of carrying or conveying the water from Fishingcreek through, upon and over the lands and premises as reserved by the said The Bloomsburg Iron Company many and every of the conveyances of the said Company as fully and completely as the same are now held and enjoyed by the said The Bloomsburg Iron Company, on which are erected a large

IRON FURNACE

and Cast House, a large two-story stone Mansion house, a two-story stone Superintendent's house, twenty-three tenement houses, a large two-story stone store building, brick wheel house, brick engine house and engine, boiler house and boilers, three ware houses, carpenter shop, a large three-story stone building in course of erection, weigh scale office with wagon scales, railroad scales and office, together with stables and other outbuildings.

The above water power is one of the finest in the State. This plant is situated in the suburbs of the Town of Bloomsburg, is on the line of the B. & S. R. R. and is well located for any manufacturing purposes.

ALSO:

one other certain lot of ground situate in the Town of Bloomsburg, county and State aforesaid bounded and described as follows to-wit: on the north by land of I. W. McKelvy, on the east by an alley, on the south by land of Thomas Gorrey and on the west by Railroad street.

TERMS OF SALE:—One-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, one-fourth within thirty days thereafter and the balance within six months from day of sale with interest on all unpaid purchase money from day of sale.

ALSO:

At the same time and place will be exposed to public sale, the following valuable Personal Property to-wit: Lot of No. 2 x and No. 3 pig iron, 31 railroad lime stone cars, 2 railroad cinder trucks, 2 cinder carts, 2 horse carts, 1 heavy 2 horse wagon, 2 sleighs, lot team harness, lot blacksmith tools, lot pine lumber, lot oak lumber, lot fire brick, old and new, lot merchant bar iron, lot merchant bar steel lot nails and spikes in kegs, lot horse shoes in kegs, 1 five ton wagon scale boxed, ropes, blocks and tackles, chains, cross cut saw, augers, sledges, picks, new shovels and spades, platform scales, lot new hemp rope, stove pipe, clocks, lamp chimneys, window glass, office furniture, and all other personal property on the premises.

Terms of sale of personal property made known on day of sale.

H. A. M'KILLIP,
Receiver of the Bloomsburg Iron Co.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Margaret Kostenbauder, deceased.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, to make distribution of said estate, will sit at the office of Rhawn & Small, in the borough of Catawissa, on Monday, June 24th, 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m., when and where all parties having claims against said estate must appear and prove the same, or be debarred from coming in on said fund.

FRED IKELER, Auditor.

5-24-ta.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Thomas Davis, deceased.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, to make distribution in said estate, will sit at the office of I. S. Wintersteen, Esq., in Bloomsburg, on Tuesday, June 25, 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m., when and where all persons having claims against said estate must appear and prove the same, or be debarred from coming in on said fund.

FRANK IKELER, Auditor.

5-24-ta.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Alias Fi. Fa. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, Pa. and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in Bloomsburg, on

SATURDAY, JUNE 8, 1895,

at 10 a. m.

All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the township of Scott, county of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning in the middle of Big Fishingcreek, thence by land conveyed by John Barton to David Phillips south nine degrees east three perches to a corner on south bank of creek, thence by land now or late of Andrew Croveling, south fifty-two degrees east fifteen perches to a stone, thence north seventy-three and one half degrees east nine perches to a stone, formerly a hemlock, thence north four degrees west three and eight-tenths perches to a stone, formerly a maple, thence by the same north sixty degrees west seven and five-tenths perches to corner in Fishingcreek, thence westwardly down said creek to the place of beginning, containing

3 ACRES OF LAND,

more or less, whereon is erected a

DWELLING HOUSE, &c.

Seized taken into execution at the suit of Benson H. Creveling exr. vs. L. N. Crouse, and to be sold as the property of L. N. Crouse.

WINTERSTEEN, Atty. J. B. McHENRY, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Alias Fi. Fa. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, Pa. and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in Bloomsburg, on

SATURDAY, JUNE 8, 1895,

at 10 a. m., all that certain tract of land situate lying and being in the township of Pine, county of Columbia, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to-wit: Beginning at a post and stone corner of Elias Mendenhall, thence along line of same south seventy-two degrees and thirty-seven minutes east three hundred and eleven and five-tenth perches to a post, thence north nineteen and one degree east eleven and three-tenth perches, thence along line of lands of D. F. Evernard north seventy-one degrees west forty-nine and three-tenth perches to a post and stone, thence north twenty-two and one-fourth degrees west two-hundred and fifty-two and two-tenth perches to a stone and post, thence along line of lands of Marsh Andrews, now Catharine Miller, north seventy-two degrees and fourteen minutes west, west ninety-five perches to a dead white pine, thence along line of lands of Aaron Keller south nineteen and one-fourth degrees west two hundred and six and one half perches to place of beginning, containing

240 ACRES,

and seventy-six perches of land, be the same more or less, on which is erected a two-story

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

bank barn and other outbuildings. Good spring water at the house and well at the barn. Also different kind of fruit trees growing upon said premises, which is about one half cleared in high state of cultivatien and the remainder well timbered.

Seized taken into execution at the suit of Agnes Z Smith vs. John C. Montgomery, and to be sold as the property of John C Montgomery. J. B. McHENRY,

SNYDER, Atty. Sheriff.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Rev. M. Powers, late of the Borough of Centralia, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Rev. M. Powers, late of the Borough of Centralia, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrator to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

REV. JOHN J. KOCH,
5-17-6t. Shamokin, Pa., Administrator.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Peter A. Cole, deceased.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county to distribute balance in the hands of Mahala Cole, executrix, will sit at the office of Grant Herring, Esq., in Bloomsburg, on Thursday, June 6, 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m., when and where all persons having claims against said estate must appear and prove the same or be debarred from coming in on said fund.

C. A. SMALL,
5-17-4t. Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Richard Thompson, deceased.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county to make distribution of said estate, will sit at the office of C. B. Jackson Esq., in Berwick, on Saturday, June 15th, 1895, at 10 a. m., when and where all persons having claims against said estate must appear and prove the same, or be debarred from coming in on said fund

C. W. MILLER,
5-17-4t. Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Phineas Smith, deceased.

The undersigned an auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county to make distribution of said estate will sit at his office in Berwick on Saturday, July 13th, 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m., when and where all persons having claims against said estate must appear and prove the same, or be debarred from coming in on said fund.

C. B. JACKSON,
5-17-4t. Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Joseph Eck, deceased.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, to determine the amount of recognizance, counsel fee, collateral inheritance tax, and costs, and to make calculation of amounts due the parties legally entitled thereto, will sit at the office of C. C Evans, Esq., in Berwick, Pa., on Wednesday, June 26th, 1895, when and where all parties having claims against said estate must appear and prove the same, or be debarred from coming in on said fund.

FRED IKELER, Auditor.

5-24-ta.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Phoebe F. Osman, deceased.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county to make distribution of said estate, will sit at the office of C. E. Geyer, in the borough of Catawissa, on Friday, June 7, 1895, at 10 a. m., when and where all persons having claims against said estate must appear and prove the same, or be debarred from coming in on said fund.

C. A. SMALL, Auditor.

5-24-ta.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Miles Shuman, deceased.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county to make distribution in said estate, will sit at the office of C. E. Geyer, in the borough of Catawissa, on Monday, June 10, 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m., when and where all persons having claims against estate must appear and prove the same, or be debarred from coming in on said estate.

W. H. RHAWN, Auditor.

5-24-ta.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

N. U. FUNK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Mrs. Ent's Building, Court House Alley,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

A. L. FRITZ,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Post Office Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Wirt's Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

JOHN G. FREEZE. JOHN G. HARMAN
FREEZE & HARMAN,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Offices: Centre St., first door below Opera House

GEO. E. ELWELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Columbian Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

WM. H MAGILL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in M. E. Ent's building.

W. H. SNYDER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office 2nd floor Mrs. Ents building,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

ROBERT R. LITTLE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Columbian Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THOMAS B. HANLY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Mrs. Ents' Building,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

H. V. WHITE. A. N. YOST.
WHITE & YOST
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
Wirt Building, Court House Square.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

H. A. McKILLIP.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Columbian Building, 2nd Floor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

IKELER & IKELER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office back of Farmers' National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

R. RUSH ZARR,
—ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.—
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Clark's Block, corner of 2nd and Centre Streets, 1-12-'94

W. A. EVERT,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
(Office over Alexander & Co. Wirt building.

EDWARD J. FLYNN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CENTRALIA, PA.
Office Liddicot building, Locust avenue.

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW AND JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,
Moyer Bros. Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Office in Lockard's Building.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

B. FRANK ZARR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Clark's Building, cor. Main and Centre Sts.,
BLOOMSBURG, Pa.
Can be consulted in German.

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office, corner of Third and Main Streets,
CATAWISSA, PA.

J. B. McKELVY, M. D.,
SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN,
Office, North side Main St., below Market,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office, North Market Street,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

SPECIAL ATTENTION TO DISEASES OF CHILDREN
H. BIERMAN, M. D.
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
OFFICE HOURS: Office & Residence, 4th St.,
Until 9 A. M., 1 to 2 and 7 to 8 P. M. W S BLOOMSBURG, PA.

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PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
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Treatment of Chronic Diseases a Specialt
Office corner Third and Jefferson streets.
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Special attention given to the eye and the fitting of glasses.

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THE EYE A SPECIALTY.
Eyes treated, tested, fitted with glasses and Artificial Eyes supplied.
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Dentistry in all its branches, Work guaranteed as represented. Ether and Gas administered or ELECTRIC VIBRATOR and Local Anæsthetics used for the painless extraction of teeth free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
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TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN,
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To be open all hours during the day.

DR. C. S. VAN HORN,
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Office corner of East and Main streets, opposite Town Hall.
Office hours 8:30 to 12 a. m; 2 to 5 p. m.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. WATSON McKELVY,
FIRE INSURANCE AGENT.
(Successor to B. F. Hartman
Represents twelve of the strongest Companies in the world, among which are:

	CASH CAPITAL.	TOTAL ASSETS.	SURPLUS OVER ALL.
Franklin of Phila..	$400,000	$3,198,529	$1,000,508
Penn'a, Phila.....	400,000	3,825,160	1,619,555
Queen, of N. Y.	500,000	3,538,915	1,021,823
Westchester, N. Y.	300,000	1,753,307	436,780
N. America, Phila.	3,000,000	9,730,689	2,364,726

OFFICE IN I. W. McKELVY'S STORE.
Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

M. P. LUTZ & SON,
(SUCCESSORS TO FREAS BROWN)
INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE
AGENTS AND BROKERS.
N. W. Corner Main and Centre. Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Represent Seventeen as good Companies as there are in the World and all losses promptly adjusted and paid at their Office.

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FIRE INSURANCE,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Home, of N. Y.; Merchants of Newark, N. J.; Clinton, N. Y.; Peoples', N. Y.; Reading, Pa; German American Ins. Co., New York; Greenwich Insurance Co., New York; Jersey City Fire Ins. Co., Jersey City, N. J.
These old corporations are well seasoned by age and fire tested, and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in solid securities, and liable to the hazard of fire only.
Losses promptly and honestly adjusted and paid as soon as determined, by Christian F. Knapp, Special Agent and Adjuster, Bloomsburg, Pa.
The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses, if any, are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
JAMES McCLOSKEY Proprietor,
(Opposite the Court House)
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Large and convenient sample rooms. Bath rooms, hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences.

FARMERS' HOTEL,
Iron Street,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
First-class accommodations for regular and transient boarders. Good stable atached.

Warm Weather FOOT WEAR

RUSSET SHOES AND OXFORDS

at prices to suit all.

W. C. McKINNEY.

Clarks' Building, Main Street.

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BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FOR SALE.

Desirable vacant lots and a number of good houses and lots in Bloomsburg, Pa. The best business stand in Bloomsburg. A very desirable property containing 19 acres and first class buildings with good will in a business worth $1200 to $1500 per year at Willow Grove.

Dwellings in Espy, Orangeville and Beach Haven. A large number of farms in Columbia County, one in Luzerne County, one in Virginia. Two Country Store Stands in Columbia County and one in Luzerne County. A water power planing mill, dry dock and lumber yard and sheds in Beach Haven, Pa. Also 10 acres of good farm land at same place, by M. P. LUTZ & SON, Insurance and Real Estate Agents, BLOOMSBURG, PA. tf.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

CHICKERING PIANO FOR SALE.—In fine condition, price reasonable, terms easy. Inquire at this office or address Lock Box A., Bloomsburg, Pa. tf.

ALL KINDS OF BLANKS FOR JUSTICES and CONSTABLES at the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

WORK WANTED

Any intelligent man or woman seeking employment and ambitious to make from $40 to $150 monthly, can secure same by addressing Globe Bible Publishing Co., 723 Chestnut St., Phila., Pa. No capital required, nor stamp for reply. Young man or woman wishing to earn a few hundred dollars in the next two months preferred. 5-24-3t.

Shad and all kind of fresh fish at C. B. Chrisman's daily.

3 29-tf.

Boarding

And furnished rooms to rent on Main street. Steam, gas, hot and cold water and bath. Apply to Mrs. M. M. Phillips, at Phillips' Cafe. tf

FOR RENT.—A store room and dwelling house on Main street, in Bloomsburg. They can be rented together, or separate. Inquire of Dr. J. R. Evans. tf.

BELLEFONTE CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION.

REDUCED RATES VIA PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

For the Centennial Celebration, to be held at Bellefonte, Pa., June 5, 6, and 7, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell on those dates excursion tickets to Bellefonte and return, from East Bloomsburg, Shamokin, Ridgway, and intermediate points, and from stations on the Middle, Lewistown, and Tyrone Divisions, at *two cents per mile.*

On the same dates tickets will also be sold to uniformed firemen (in the same territory) *at a single fare for the round trip.*

Tickets will be good for return passage until June 8, inclusive.

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS

Interesting Items From Various Points in the County. Reported by Our Staff of Correspondents.

JERSEYTOWN.

Hervy Billmeyer of Pottsgrove was in town last week.

Hon. James Ritter, the popular buggy man, has been through again looking after the needs of his customers.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Lattimer of Danville visited friends here on Wednesday.

The school Board at the meeting last Saturday appointed Benjamin Kester a director to fill the vacancy caused by the removal of John Howell from the district last April.

The Epworth League of the M. E. Church here is in a very flourishing condition. It was organized less than a month ago and now has about fifty members.

Last Sunday evening the church was crowded and a very interesting meeting was ably lead by Miss Della Wagner.

The efficient president of the League, Mrs. Dr. Shuman, deserves great credit for the successful organization of a league at this place and for the excellent meetings held.

Mrs. Laura Tireman (nee Sheep) of Los Angeles, California is east on a visit to parents and friends.

Greenly Brothers are putting in a saw mill and a shingle mill at their grist mill.

A list of Teachers' Examinations for 1895 posted in the Post Office shows that the examination of applicants for the present year commences at Jerseytown, Tuesday, June 4th

Samuel Johnston of Danville is spending the week with friends.

Dr. W. C. Shultz a recent graduate of a Philadelphia Medical College, is at home. Will's many friends here wish him success wherever he may locate.

EAST BENTON.

Mrs. M. W. Brittain of Cambra died on last Sunday morning from grippe not far from the age of 50 years. Mr. M. W. Brittain is just recovering from a long siege of confinement from rheumatism.

Mrs. G. M. Howell of Van Camp is suffering from an affected eye.

Corn planting may now be considered a finished job. However, much of the early planting is reported as rotting.

Rev. Houtz of Orangeville preached a memorial sermon last Sunday forenoon at St. James to a large and appreciative audience. The sermon was a conclusive and exhaustive historical review of the late civil war, or as it is called, "The Great War of the Rebellion."

The late frosts and cold spell have very materially injured the fruit prospects.

If the last Congress and the present state Legislature are samples of the 20th century Congresses and Legislatures the prospects do not augur well for the future generations.

What can the people hope for by way of redress, so long as plutocrats own the U. S. Supreme Court?

Levi Beishline of Bendertown had a narrow escape from a railroad train while crossing a railroad bridge across Black Creek near Hazleton last Friday week ago. Jumping from the track on a pier saved his life.

S. P. Krickbaum is still an invalid with but little prospect of ultimate recovery.

An organization of the Epworth League was effected at Hamiline Church with a membership of 38 last Sunday one week ago.

The quiet little borough of New Columbus was burglarized one night week before last without disturbing any of its citizens.

The game of checkers conforms nearest to the life of man which is characterized as a checker scene of events.

Our farmers generally have planted a larger acreage of potatoes than usual. Potato culture will in the future receive greater attention by our farmers than in the past.

The hay crop is not so promising from the present out look as winter grain. So much of the grass seed sown a year ago; either did not take or perished in its tender state through the long continued drought and hot weather last summer.

The public highways seem to be in right fair condition generally, as no flooding rains have visited this locality to tear them into gutters.

One reason of the manifest progression in home comforts and home conveniences is because new beginners are bound to begin just where the old veterans of toil and care leave off.

What an ordinary man eats and the way he eats it would be enough to give dyspepsia to an ostrich—unless the ostrich were wise enough to assist his digestion from time to time with an efficient combination of vegetable extracts. Such a preparation is Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They are the pills par excellence for those who sometimes eat the wrong things and too much. They stimulate action in all of the digestive organs. They stop sour stomach, windy belchings, heartburn, flatulence and cure constipation, biliousness, dyspepsia, indigestion, sick headache and kindred derangements.

They are gentle, but prompt in removing offending matter from the stomach and bowels, and have none of the unpleasant features of other pills. They do not gripe and cause no violent shock to the system.

One little "Pellet" is a laxative. Two are mildly cathartic. One taken after dinner insures perfect digestion, sound sleep and an absence of foul breath in the morning.

They are unlike ordinary pills, because you do not become a slave to their use. They not only afford temporary relief, but effect a *permanent cure.*

Once used they are always in favor.

Your name and address on a postal card will bring a free sample package of 4 to 7 doses. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

CAUTION.—Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets—it's an easy name to remember. Don't let some designing dealer persuade you to take some pills represented as "just as good." He makes more profit on the "just as good" kind. That's why he prefers to sell them. That's the reason why you better not take them.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THAT'S QUEER!

You say a collar and cuff that are waterproof?

Yes.

And perspiration will not affect them?

Yes.

And when dirty you need only wipe them off with a wet cloth or sponge?

Yes.

Wonderful! How are they made?

A linen collar covered on both sides with waterproof "CELLULOID." Looks exactly like a linen collar.

Is it the only waterproof collar and cuff made?

No, but it is the only one made with the linen interlining and consequently the only one that can give entire satisfaction, because it is the best.

How can I know that I get the right kind?

Because every piece is stamped as follows:

TRADE ELLULOID MARK.

Inquire for that and refuse anything else, or you will be disappointed.

Suppose my dealer does not have them?

He probably has, but if not, send direct to us, enclosing amount. Collars 25c., Cuffs 50c. State size, and whether collar wanted is stand-up or turned-down.

THE CELLULOID COMPANY,
427-29 Broadway, NEW YORK.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION.

CONCLUDED FROM PAGE FIVE.

House to house visitation was then taken and the encouraging report was given that scholars had been brought into some schools by means of it. Report of Committee on resolutions was submitted and accepted as follows:

WHEREAS, another year's work of the Columbia County Sabbath Association has passed, and God, our Heavenly Father has showered blessings upon us and permitted us to assemble in another County Convention, therefore,

Resolved, that it is with a profound sense of our duties that we come before His presence with humble and grateful hearts to pay homage to Him who created the world, and that we implore His blessing and Divine guidance as we go forth to begin another year's work in His name.

Resolved, That we are impressed with the great good derived from the House to House Visitation and urge it upon any connected in any manner with the Sabbath Schools of Columbia county to use their best endeavors to further the cause at every opportunity.

Resolved, That we approve of the wisdom of having a county Fieldsman and believe that great good has been done by him during the year in assisting the other officers who have labored so earnestly in the Master's vineyard.

Resolved, That we believe the time is at hand for more thorough work in our primary classes, and to this end we most heartily endorse the plans presented by Mrs. J. W. Barnes and Mrs. Wilbur and urge all teachers to use their best efforts to become acquainted with the plans and use them "as much as in them lies" that the children under our care may receive the most efficient instruction.

Resolved, That we heartily endorse the action of the State Association in putting in the field Normal and Primary workers to assist at county and local institutes and recommend that district presidents confer with each other relative to holding joint conventions and have one of these teachers present.

Resolved, That we hail with delight the publication of the *Sunday School Herald* as a means of binding together the state and county work and earnestly recommend that it should be in the hands of every superintendent and teacher that they may know what is being done at Sabbath School work in the state.

Resolved, That this Convention extend to the good citizens of Berwick our sincere thanks for their Christian hospitality; to all persons who have by thought, word or deed contributed to make this convention a grand success; to the trustees of the churches who opened their doors to us; to the press for the assistance given us in the advancement of our cause and to the various railroads for the special trains and reduced fares.

BOYD TRESCOT,
W. H. BROOKE,
IDA HERRING, } Com.

Committee of Place reported "That having received a cordial invitation from our friends at Catawissa, and as the convention has not been held there for some time, we recommend this town as a desirable place for our next convention." The Executive Committee in arranging the program very wisely took into consideration the subject of music, knowing full well that much of the success and enjoyment of the occasion would depend upon the character and rendition of the Praise Service. This part of the work was assigned to Mr. Fred B. Hartman, of Bloomsburg, and every one present will attest to the thorough, hearty and soul inspiring manner in which all the music was rendered by the large choir gathered from the different churches and assisted by an orchestra of the town people under his direction. The matter of transportation was placed in the hands of Mr. W. R. Kocher, Dist. Pres., from Bloomsburg, and to him the delegates and visitors from Fishingcreek and the lower end are indebted for the special trains both evenings.

With the consecration services at the close of the afternoon session conducted by Mr. Low closed without a doubt the best convention this Association has ever held and the local committee of arrangements are certainly to be congratulated on the excellent manner in which everything passed off and can feel as Mr. Low expressed it in one of his pleasant little talks "That Berwick has made a name for herself."

TEACHERS' EXAMINATIONS, 1895.

THE EXAMINATIONS OF APPLICANTS FOR SCHOOLS IN COLUMBIA COUNTY WILL BE HELD AS FOLLOWS:

Madison—at Jerseytown, Tuesday, June 4.

Millville—at Millville, Friday, June 7.

Greenwood—at Rohrsburg, Monday, June 10.

Centralia—in high school building, Wednesday, June 12.

Conyngham—in Central school house, Thursday, June 13.

Berwick and Briarcreek—in high school building, Berwick, Tuesday, June 18.

Franklin—in Lawrence school house, Wednesday, June 19.

Catawissa and Catawissa township—in Catawissa high school building, Thursday, June 20.

Montour—at Rupert, Tuesday, June 25.

Pine—at Iola, Saturday, June 29.

Mt. Pleasant—at Millertown, Saturday, July 6.

Scott—at Light Street, Tuesday, July 9.

Centre—at Grange Hall, Wednesday, July 10.

Hemlock—at Buckhorn, Saturday, July 13.

Main—at Mainville, Tuesday, July 16.

Beaver—at Hauck's school house, Wednesday, July 17.

Mifflin—at Mifflinville, Thursday, July 18.

Locust and Roaringcreek—at the lower Slabtown school house, Friday, July 19.

Cleveland—at Numidia, Saturday, July 20.

Benton, Benton twp. and Jackson—at Benton, Wednesday, July 24.

Sugarloaf—at Jamison City, Thursday, 25.

Fishingcreek—at Still Water, Friday, July 26.

Orange—at Orangeville, Tuesday, July 30.

Examinations will be held at Jerseytown on Saturday, August 31, and Saturday, September 21.

Applicants must attend the examination in the district in which they expect to teach.

Special examinations cannot be granted except upon a written application, signed by at least three members of the Board desiring to employ the applicant, and then granted only after all the above examinations have been held.

Examinations will commence at 8:45 o'clock a. m.

All directors are respectfully invited to be present.

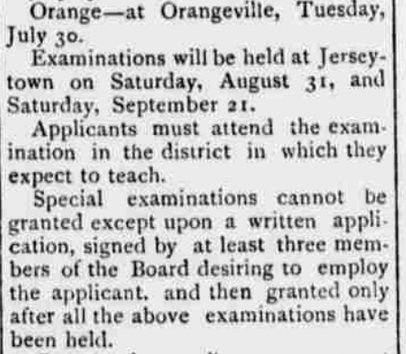
The next county institute will be held in Bloomsburg, October, 21, 22, 23, 24 and 25.

Suggestions from teachers in regard to the work of the institute will be cheerfully received.

The State Teacher's Association will be held at Mt. Gretna, July 2, 3 and 4. By writing to Dr. Geo. W. Hull, Millersville, Pa., persons may get cards to secure reduced rates on R. R.

WILLIAM C. JOHNSTON,
County Superintendent.

DR. KILMER'S SWAMP-ROOT



Kidney, Liver and Bladder Cure.

Rheumatism,

Lumbago, pain in joints or back, brick dust in urine, frequent calls, irritation, inflamation, gravel, ulceration or catarrh of bladder.

Disordered Liver,

Impaired digestion, gout, billious-headache. SWAMP-ROOT cures kidney difficulties, *La Grippe*, urinary trouble, bright's disease.

Impure Blood,

Scrofula, malaria, gen'l weakness or debility.

Guarantee—The contents of One Bottle, if not benefited, Druggists will refund to you the price paid.

At Druggists, 50c. Size, $1.00 Size.

"Invalids' Guide to Health" Free—Consultation free.

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"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach." CARLOS MARTYN, D. D., New York City.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

"For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results." EDWIN F. PARDEE, M. D., 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

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Main Street, BLOOMSBURG, PA.

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2nd Door above Court House.

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They are here in all the newest and dressiest shapes selected from the best shoemakers in the land. The very liberal patronage of my friends has enabled me to put my shoe stock in the front rank which makes your shoe buying a pleasure.

Spring and Summer weight Underwear.

Hosiery, corsets, etc. of the best makes and the best assortment at the lowest prices.

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E. A. RAWLINGS.

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